The *TFR2* gene provides instructions for making a protein called transferrin receptor 2. The main function of this protein is to help iron enter liver cells (hepatocytes). On the surface of hepatocytes, the receptor binds to a protein called transferrin, which transports iron through the blood to tissues throughout the body. When transferrin binds to transferrin receptor 2, iron is allowed to enter the cell.

Additionally, transferrin receptor 2 can bind to other proteins to help regulate iron storage levels in the body by controlling the levels of another protein called hepcidin. Hepcidin is a protein that determines how much iron is absorbed from the diet and released from storage sites in the body in response to iron levels.

### Health Conditions Related to Genetic Changes

#### Hereditary hemochromatosis

About 50 mutations in the *TFR2* gene cause type 3 hemochromatosis, a form of hereditary hemochromatosis that begins in early adulthood, usually before age 30. Hereditary hemochromatosis is a disorder that causes the body to absorb too much iron from the diet. The excess iron accumulates in, and eventually damages, the body's tissues and organs.

Some *TFR2* gene mutations prevent the production of transferrin receptor 2. Other mutations result in proteins that have an incorrect sequence of protein building blocks (amino acids) or proteins that are too short to function normally. These mutations prevent the protein from binding to transferrin, blocking iron from entering hepatocytes.

Mutations in the *TFR2* gene are also thought to contribute to low levels of hepcidin in the body, which results in too much iron being absorbed from the diet. When this occurs, the excess iron is stored in the body's tissues, especially the liver. Iron overload leads to the organ damage and other signs and symptoms of type 3 hemochromatosis.
Chromosomal Location

Cytogenetic Location: 7q22.1, which is the long (q) arm of chromosome 7 at position 22.1

Molecular Location: base pairs 100,620,416 to 100,641,552 on chromosome 7 (Homo sapiens Updated Annotation Release 109.20190905, GRCh38.p13) (NCBI)

Credit: Genome Decoration Page/NCBI

Other Names for This Gene
- HFE3
- TFR2_HUMAN
- Transferrin Receptor Protein 2

Additional Information & Resources

Clinical Information from GeneReviews
- TFR2-Related Hereditary Hemochromatosis
  https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK1349

Scientific Articles on PubMed
- PubMed
  https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed?term=%28%28TFR2%5BTIAB%5D%29+OR+%28transferrin+receptor+2%5BTIAB%5D%29%29+AND+english%5Bla%5D+AND+human%5Bmh%5D+AND+%22last+1800+days%22%5Bdp%5D

Catalog of Genes and Diseases from OMIM
- TRANSFERRIN RECEPTOR 2
  http://omim.org/entry/604720

Research Resources
- Atlas of Genetics and Cytogenetics in Oncology and Haematology
  http://atlasgeneticsoncology.org/Genes/GC_TFR2.html
- ClinVar
  https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/clinvar?term=TFR2%5Bgene%5D
Sources for This Summary

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