LDB3 gene
LIM domain binding 3

Normal Function
The *LDB3* gene provides instructions for making a protein called LIM domain binding 3 (LDB3). The LDB3 protein is found in heart (cardiac) muscle and muscles used for movement (skeletal muscle). Within muscle fibers, LDB3 proteins are found in structures called sarcomeres, which are necessary for muscles to tense (contract). This protein attaches (binds) to other proteins and is involved in maintaining the stability of rod-like structures within sarcomeres called Z-discs. Z-discs link neighboring sarcomeres together to form myofibrils, the basic unit of muscle fibers. The linking of sarcomeres and formation of myofibrils provide strength for muscle fibers during repeated cycles of muscle contraction and relaxation.

Several different versions (isoforms) of the LDB3 protein are produced from the *LDB3* gene.

Health Conditions Related to Genetic Changes

Myofibrillar myopathy
At least three mutations in the *LDB3* gene have been found to cause myofibrillar myopathy. These mutations change single protein building blocks (amino acids) in the LDB3 protein. Mutated LDB3 proteins cluster together with other muscle proteins in the sarcomere to form clumps (aggregates). The aggregates prevent these proteins from functioning normally. A dysfunctional desmin protein cannot properly interact with Z-discs, leading to abnormalities of sarcomere structure and problems with the formation of myofibrils. *LDB3* gene mutations that cause myofibrillar myopathy impair the function of muscle fibers, causing weakness and the other features of this condition.

Familial dilated cardiomyopathy

Left ventricular noncompaction

Other disorders
Mutations in the *LDB3* gene also cause a form of heart disease called dilated cardiomyopathy. This condition enlarges (dilates) and weakens the cardiac muscle, preventing it from pumping blood efficiently. Although cardiomyopathy is a sign of myofibrillar myopathy, some cases of dilated cardiomyopathy caused by *LDB3* gene mutations are not associated with weakness of the skeletal muscles.
Researchers have identified at least two mutations in the LDB3 gene that cause dilated cardiomyopathy without the other features of myofibrillar myopathy. These mutations, written as Asp117Asn and Lys136Met, change single amino acids in the LDB3 protein. Researchers are not certain why some mutations in the LDB3 gene cause dilated cardiomyopathy instead of myofibrillar myopathy.

**Chromosomal Location**

Cytogenetic Location: 10q23.2, which is the long (q) arm of chromosome 10 at position 23.2

Molecular Location: base pairs 86,666,788 to 86,736,072 on chromosome 10 (Homo sapiens Updated Annotation Release 109.20200228, GRCh38.p13) (NCBI)

Credit: Genome Decoration Page/NCBI

**Other Names for This Gene**

- LDB3_HUMAN
- LDB3Z1
- LDB3Z4
- LIM domain-binding protein 3
- ZASP

**Additional Information & Resources**

**Educational Resources**

  https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK9961/#A1791
- Washington University, St. Louis: Neuromuscular Disease Center: Myofibrillar Myopathies
  https://neuromuscular.wustl.edu/musdist/lg.html#myofibzasp

**Clinical Information from GeneReviews**

- Dilated Cardiomyopathy Overview
  https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK1309
Scientific Articles on PubMed

- PubMed
  https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed?term=%28%28LDB3%5BTIAB%5D%29+OR+%28LIM+domain+binding+3%5BTIAB%5D%29+OR+%28ZASP%5BTIAB%5D%29+AND+%28%28Genes%5BMH%5D+OR+Genetic+Phenomena%5BMH%5D%29+AND+english%5Bla%5D+AND+human%5Bmh%5D+AND+%22last+1080+days%22%5Bdp%5D

Catalog of Genes and Diseases from OMIM

- CARDIOMYOPATHY, DILATED, 1C, WITH OR WITHOUT LEFT VENTRICULAR NONCOMPACITION
  http://omim.org/entry/601493
- LIM DOMAIN-BINDING 3
  http://omim.org/entry/605906

Research Resources

- Atlas of Genetics and Cytogenetics in Oncology and Haematology
  http://atlasgeneticsoncology.org/Genes/GC_LDB3.html
- ClinVar
  https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/clinvar?term=LDB3%5Bgene%5D
- HGNC Gene Symbol Report
- Monarch Initiative
  https://monarchinitiative.org/gene/NCBIGene:11155
- NCBI Gene
- UniProt
  https://www.uniprot.org/uniprot/O75112

Sources for This Summary

  Citation on PubMed: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/18764962
- OMIM: LIM DOMAIN-BINDING 3
  http://omim.org/entry/605906
  Citation on PubMed: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/19563540
  Citation on PubMed: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/15668942