CRB1 gene

crumbs 1, cell polarity complex component

**Normal Function**

The *CRB1* gene provides instructions for making a protein that plays an essential role in normal vision. This protein is found in the brain and the retina, which is the specialized tissue at the back of the eye that detects light and color.

In the retina, the CRB1 protein appears to be critical for the normal development of light-sensing cells called photoreceptors. Studies suggest that this protein is part of a group (complex) of proteins that help determine the structure and orientation of photoreceptors. The CRB1 protein may also be involved in forming connections between different types of cells in the retina.

**Health Conditions Related to Genetic Changes**

**Leber congenital amaurosis**

More than 50 mutations in the *CRB1* gene have been found to cause Leber congenital amaurosis. Mutations in this gene account for 9 to 13 percent of all cases of this condition.

Most of the *CRB1* gene mutations responsible for Leber congenital amaurosis lead to an abnormally short, nonfunctional version of the CRB1 protein or significantly reduce the amount of this protein produced in cells. A shortage of the CRB1 protein disrupts the early development of the retina. The retina becomes unusually thick and does not develop the normal layered structure. These changes cause severe visual impairment beginning very early in life.

**Cone-rod dystrophy**

**Retinitis pigmentosa**

**Other disorders**

At least 35 mutations in the *CRB1* gene have been identified in people with another eye disorder called retinitis pigmentosa. This condition is characterized by progressive vision loss caused by the gradual degeneration of photoreceptors in the retina. *CRB1* gene mutations cause several uncommon forms of retinitis pigmentosa that are differentiated by their specific retinal changes.

The *CRB1* gene mutations that cause retinitis pigmentosa lead to a partial or total loss of CRB1 protein function. A shortage of normal CRB1 protein impairs
the development of the retina and leads to the progressive degeneration of photoreceptors.

It is unclear why some people with CRB1 gene mutations have severe, early visual impairment associated with Leber congenital amaurosis, and other people experience more gradual vision loss and other eye problems associated with retinitis pigmentosa. Researchers suspect that other genetic factors may modify the effects of CRB1 gene mutations to influence the severity of these conditions.

Chromosomal Location

Cytogenetic Location: 1q31.3, which is the long (q) arm of chromosome 1 at position 31.3

Molecular Location: base pairs 197,201,504 to 197,478,455 on chromosome 1 (Homo sapiens Updated Annotation Release 109.20190905, GRCh38.p13) (NCBI)

Credit: Genome Decoration Page/NCBI

Other Names for This Gene

• CRUM1_HUMAN
• crumbs family member 1, photoreceptor morphogenesis associated
• crumbs homolog 1
• crumbs homolog 1 (Drosophila)
• LCA8
• RP12

Additional Information & Resources

Educational Resources

• National Eye Institute: How the Eyes Work
  https://www.nei.nih.gov/learn-about-eye-health/healthy-vision/how-eyes-work
• Neuroscience (second edition, 2001): The Retina
  https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK10885/
Clinical Information from GeneReviews
- Leber Congenital Amaurosis / Early-Onset Severe Retinal Dystrophy Overview
  https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK531510
- Nonsyndromic Retinitis Pigmentosa Overview
  https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK1417

Scientific Articles on PubMed
- PubMed
  https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed?term=%28%28CRB1%5BTIAB%5D%29+OR+%28crumbs+homolog*+1%5BTIAB%5D%29%29+AND+%28%28Genes%5BMH%5D%29+OR+%28Genetic+Phenomena%5BMH%5D%29%29+AND+english%5Bla%5D+AND+human%5Bmh%5D+AND+%22last+1800+days%22%5Bdp%5D

Catalog of Genes and Diseases from OMIM
- CRUMBS CELL POLARITY COMPLEX COMPONENT 1
  http://omim.org/entry/604210
- RETINITIS PIGMENTOSA 12
  http://omim.org/entry/600105

Research Resources
- Atlas of Genetics and Cytogenetics in Oncology and Haematology
  http://atlasgeneticsoncology.org/Genes/GC_CRB1.html
- ClinVar
  https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/clinvar?term=CRB1%5Bgene%5D
- HGNC Gene Symbol Report
- Monarch Initiative
  https://monarchinitiative.org/gene/NCBIGene:23418
- NCBI Gene
- UniProt
  https://www.uniprot.org/uniprot/P82279

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Sources for This Summary

  Citation on PubMed: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/18407265

  Citation on PubMed: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/12700176

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  Citation on PubMed: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/11389483
  Free article on PubMed Central: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC1226034/

  Citation on PubMed: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/18632300

  Citation on PubMed: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/10508521

  Citation on PubMed: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/15316081

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