COL4A3 gene
collagen type IV alpha 3 chain

Normal Function
The COL4A3 gene provides instructions for making one component of type IV collagen, which is a flexible protein. Specifically, this gene makes the alpha3(IV) chain of type IV collagen. This chain combines with two other types of alpha (IV) chains (the alpha4 and alpha5 chains) to make a complete type IV collagen molecule. Type IV collagen molecules attach to each other to form complex protein networks. These networks make up a large portion of basement membranes, which are thin sheet-like structures that separate and support cells in many tissues. Type IV collagen alpha3-4-5 networks play an especially important role in the basement membranes of the kidney, inner ear, and eye.

Health Conditions Related to Genetic Changes

Alport syndrome
More than 40 mutations in the COL4A3 gene have been found to cause Alport syndrome. Most of these mutations change single protein building blocks (amino acids) in a region where the alpha3(IV) collagen chain combines with other type IV collagen chains. Other mutations in the COL4A3 gene severely decrease or prevent the production of alpha3(IV) chains. As a result, there is a serious deficiency of the type IV collagen alpha3-4-5 network in the basement membranes of the kidney, inner ear, and eye. In the kidney, other types of collagen accumulate in the basement membranes, eventually leading to scarring of the kidneys and kidney failure. Mutations in this gene can also lead to abnormal function in the inner ear, resulting in hearing loss.

Keratoconus

Other disorders
Mutations in the COL4A3 gene have been found to cause thin basement membrane nephropathy. This condition typically causes people to have blood in their urine (hematuria) but no other signs or symptoms of kidney disease. In the past, this condition was often called benign familial hematuria. Thin basement membrane nephropathy rarely progresses to kidney failure.

Goodpasture syndrome is a severe disease of the lungs and the kidneys caused by antibodies to the alpha3(IV) collagen chains. Antibodies are immune system proteins that normally attack foreign substances such as bacteria or viruses, but in
Goodpasture syndrome, they target alpha3(IV) collagen chains. It remains unclear why some people make antibodies to their own collagen chains. The antibodies cause inflammation when they attach (bind) to the basement membranes of blood vessels in the air sacs (alveoli) of the lungs and filtering units (glomeruli) of the kidneys. As a result, people with Goodpasture syndrome can develop kidney failure and bleeding in the lungs, which causes them to cough up blood. In some people, antibodies attack only the kidneys. These people are said to have anti-glomerular basement membrane nephritis.

Chromosomal Location

Cytogenetic Location: 2q36.3, which is the long (q) arm of chromosome 2 at position 36.3

Molecular Location: base pairs 227,164,565 to 227,314,792 on chromosome 2 (Homo sapiens Updated Annotation Release 109.20190607, GRCh38.p13) (NCBI)

Credit: Genome Decoration Page/NCBI

Other Names for This Gene

- CO4A3_HUMAN
- collagen IV, alpha-3 polypeptide
- collagen type IV alpha 3
- collagen, type IV, alpha 3 (Goodpasture antigen)
- Goodpasture antigen
- TUMSTATIN

Additional Information & Resources

Educational Resources

  https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK26810/?rendertype=figure&id=A3581
  https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK26810/#A3583
Clinical Information from GeneReviews

- Alport Syndrome
  https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK1207

Scientific Articles on PubMed

- PubMed
  https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed?term=%28COL4A3%5BTIAB%5D%29+AND+%28%28Genes%5BMH%5D%29+OR+%28Genetic+Phenomena%5BMH%5D%29%29+AND+english%5Bla%5D+AND+human%5Bmh%5D+AND+%22last+1800+days%22+AND+%5B5Bdp%5D

Catalog of Genes and Diseases from OMIM

- COLLAGEN, TYPE IV, ALPHA-3
  http://omim.org/entry/120070
- GOODPASTURE SYNDROME
  http://omim.org/entry/233450
- HEMATURIA, BENIGN FAMILIAL
  http://omim.org/entry/141200

Research Resources

- Atlas of Genetics and Cytogenetics in Oncology and Haematology
  http://atlasgeneticsoncology.org/Genes/GC_COL4A3.html
- ClinVar
  https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.govclinvar?term=COL4A3%5Bgene%5D
- HGNC Gene Symbol Report
- Monarch Initiative
  https://monarchinitiative.org/gene/NCBI Gene:1285
- NCBI Gene
- UniProt
  https://www.uniprot.org/uniprot/Q01955
Sources for This Summary

• OMIM: COLLAGEN, TYPE IV, ALPHA-3
  http://omim.org/entry/120070

  Citation on PubMed: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/15618242

  Citation on PubMed: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/15880323

  Citation on PubMed: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/20301386

  Citation on PubMed: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/10499074

  Citation on PubMed: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/15086897

  Citation on PubMed: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/15880327

  Citation on PubMed: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/17396119

  Citation on PubMed: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/14582039

  Citation on PubMed: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/14871398

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