Uncombable hair syndrome

Uncombable hair syndrome is a condition that is characterized by dry, frizzy hair that cannot be combed flat. This condition develops in childhood, often between infancy and age 3, but can appear as late as age 12. Affected children have light-colored hair, described as blond or silvery with a glistening sheen. The hair does not grow downward but out from the scalp in multiple directions. Despite its appearance, the hair is not fragile or brittle, and it grows at a normal or slightly slower rate. Only scalp hair is affected in uncombable hair syndrome.

For unknown reasons, this condition usually improves over time. By adolescence individuals with uncombable hair syndrome have hair that lies flat and has normal or nearly normal texture.

Frequency

The prevalence of uncombable hair syndrome is unknown; at least 100 cases have been described in the scientific literature. There are likely more people who are undiagnosed because adults who seem unaffected may have had uncombable hair syndrome in childhood.

Causes

Uncombable hair syndrome is caused by mutations in the \textit{PADI3}, \textit{TGM3}, or \textit{TCHH} gene. These genes provide instructions for making proteins that help give structure to the hair strand (shaft).

The proteins produced from the \textit{PADI3} and \textit{TGM3} genes modify the protein produced from the \textit{TCHH} gene, known as trichohyalin. The modified trichohyalin can attach (bind) to other trichohyalin proteins and to molecules called keratin intermediate filaments to create organized cross-links. These links form dense networks that provide structure to the hair shaft and give it a cylindrical shape.

\textit{PADI3}, \textit{TGM3}, or \textit{TCHH} gene mutations likely lead to the production of proteins with little or no activity. As a result, the shape of the hair shaft is altered. Instead of having a cylindrical shape, it has a triangular, heart-like, or flat cross-section. Sometimes all of these irregular shapes can occur along the length of a single strand of hair. Because of the angular shape of the hair shaft, the hair will not lie flat. In children with uncombable hair syndrome, 50 to 100 percent of their strands of hair have an irregular shape. Additionally, the abnormal hair reflects light differently than normal hair, accounting for its glistening sheen.

Some people with uncombable hair syndrome do not have an identified mutation in one of these three genes. The cause of the condition in these individuals is unknown.
Inheritance Pattern

When uncombable hair syndrome is caused by mutations in the PADI3, TGM3, or TCHH gene, it is inherited in an autosomal recessive pattern, which means both copies of the gene in each cell have mutations. The parents of an individual with an autosomal recessive condition each carry one copy of the mutated gene, but they typically do not show signs and symptoms of the condition.

In other cases, uncombable hair syndrome appears to be inherited in an autosomal dominant pattern, which means one copy of the altered gene in each cell is sufficient to cause the disorder. In these cases an affected person usually inherits the mutation from one affected parent, although the associated gene is unknown.

In still other cases of uncombable hair syndrome, the inheritance pattern is unknown.

Other Names for This Condition

- cheveux incoiffables
- pili trianguli et canaliculi
- spun glass hair
- UHS
- unmanageable hair syndrome

Diagnosis & Management

Genetic Testing Information

- What is genetic testing?
  /primer/testing/genetictesting
- Genetic Testing Registry: Uncombable hair syndrome
- Genetic Testing Registry: Uncombable hair syndrome 2
- Genetic Testing Registry: Uncombable hair syndrome 3

Additional Information & Resources

Health Information from MedlinePlus

- Health Topic: Hair Problems
  https://medlineplus.gov/hairproblems.html

Genetic and Rare Diseases Information Center

- Uncombable hair syndrome
  https://rarediseases.info.nih.gov/diseases/5404/uncombable-hair-syndrome
Educational Resources

- KidsHealth from Nemours: Your Hair
- MalaCards: uncombable hair syndrome 1
  https://www.malacards.org/card/uncombable_hair_syndrome_1
- MalaCards: uncombable hair syndrome 2
  https://www.malacards.org/card/uncombable_hair_syndrome_2
- MalaCards: uncombable hair syndrome 3
  https://www.malacards.org/card/uncombable_hair_syndrome_3
- Orphanet: Uncombable hair syndrome
  https://www.orpha.net/consor/cgi-bin/OC_Exp.php?Lng=EN&Expert=1410

Patient Support and Advocacy Resources

- North American Hair Research Society
  http://nahrs.org/

Scientific Articles on PubMed

- PubMed
  https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed?term=%28uncombable+hair+syndrome%5BTIAB%5D%29+AND+english%5Bla%5D+AND+human%5Bmh%5D

Catalog of Genes and Diseases from OMIM

- UNCOMBABLE HAIR SYNDROME 1
  http://omim.org/entry/191480
- UNCOMBABLE HAIR SYNDROME 2
  http://omim.org/entry/617251
- UNCOMBABLE HAIR SYNDROME 3
  http://omim.org/entry/617252

Medical Genetics Database from MedGen

- Uncombable hair syndrome
- Uncombable hair syndrome 2
- Uncombable hair syndrome 3
Sources for This Summary

  Citation on PubMed: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/19700017

  Citation on PubMed: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/17526443

  Citation on PubMed: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/27866708
  Free article on PubMed Central: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC5142115/

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