



## thanatophoric dysplasia

Thanatophoric dysplasia is a severe skeletal disorder characterized by extremely short limbs and folds of extra (redundant) skin on the arms and legs. Other features of this condition include a narrow chest, short ribs, underdeveloped lungs, and an enlarged head with a large forehead and prominent, wide-spaced eyes.

Researchers have described two major forms of thanatophoric dysplasia, type I and type II. Type I thanatophoric dysplasia is distinguished by the presence of curved thigh bones and flattened bones of the spine (platyspondyly). Type II thanatophoric dysplasia is characterized by straight thigh bones and a moderate to severe skull abnormality called a cloverleaf skull.

The term thanatophoric is Greek for "death bearing." Infants with thanatophoric dysplasia are usually stillborn or die shortly after birth from respiratory failure; however, a few affected individuals have survived into childhood with extensive medical help.

### Frequency

This condition occurs in 1 in 20,000 to 50,000 newborns. Type I thanatophoric dysplasia is more common than type II.

### Genetic Changes

Mutations in the *FGFR3* gene cause thanatophoric dysplasia. Both types of this condition result from mutations in the *FGFR3* gene. This gene provides instructions for making a protein that is involved in the development and maintenance of bone and brain tissue. Mutations in this gene cause the FGFR3 protein to be overly active, which leads to the severe disturbances in bone growth that are characteristic of thanatophoric dysplasia. It is not known how *FGFR3* mutations cause the brain and skin abnormalities associated with this disorder.

### Inheritance Pattern

Thanatophoric dysplasia is considered an autosomal dominant disorder because one mutated copy of the *FGFR3* gene in each cell is sufficient to cause the condition. Virtually all cases of thanatophoric dysplasia are caused by new mutations in the *FGFR3* gene and occur in people with no history of the disorder in their family. No affected individuals are known to have had children; therefore, the disorder has not been passed to the next generation.

## Other Names for This Condition

- Dwarf, thanatophoric
- thanatophoric dwarfism
- thanatophoric short stature

## Diagnosis & Management

### Genetic Testing

- Genetic Testing Registry: Thanatophoric dysplasia type 1  
<https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/gtr/conditions/C1868678/>
- Genetic Testing Registry: Thanatophoric dysplasia, type 2  
<https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/gtr/conditions/C1300257/>

### Other Diagnosis and Management Resources

- GeneReview: Thanatophoric Dysplasia  
<https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK1366>

### General Information from MedlinePlus

- Diagnostic Tests  
<https://medlineplus.gov/diagnostictests.html>
- Drug Therapy  
<https://medlineplus.gov/drugtherapy.html>
- Genetic Counseling  
<https://medlineplus.gov/geneticcounseling.html>
- Palliative Care  
<https://medlineplus.gov/palliativecare.html>
- Surgery and Rehabilitation  
<https://medlineplus.gov/surgeryandrehabilitation.html>

## Additional Information & Resources

### MedlinePlus

- Health Topic: Craniofacial Abnormalities  
<https://medlineplus.gov/craniofacialabnormalities.html>
- Health Topic: Dwarfism  
<https://medlineplus.gov/dwarfism.html>
- Health Topic: Respiratory Failure  
<https://medlineplus.gov/respiratoryfailure.html>

### Genetic and Rare Diseases Information Center

- Thanatophoric dysplasia  
<https://rarediseases.info.nih.gov/diseases/85/thanatophoric-dysplasia>

### Educational Resources

- Disease InfoSearch: Thanatophoric dysplasia  
<http://www.diseaseinfosearch.org/Thanatophoric+dysplasia/9674>
- MalaCards: thanatophoric dysplasia type i  
[http://www.malacards.org/card/thanatophoric\\_dysplasia\\_type\\_i](http://www.malacards.org/card/thanatophoric_dysplasia_type_i)
- MalaCards: thanatophoric dysplasia type ii  
[http://www.malacards.org/card/thanatophoric\\_dysplasia\\_type\\_ii](http://www.malacards.org/card/thanatophoric_dysplasia_type_ii)
- Orphanet: Thanatophoric dysplasia  
[http://www.orpha.net/consor/cgi-bin/OC\\_Exp.php?Lng=EN&Expert=2655](http://www.orpha.net/consor/cgi-bin/OC_Exp.php?Lng=EN&Expert=2655)

### Patient Support and Advocacy Resources

- International Skeletal Dysplasia Registry, UCLA  
<http://ortho.ucla.edu/isdr>
- Little People of America, Inc.  
<http://www.lpaonline.org>
- Little People UK  
<http://littlepeopleuk.org/>
- Resource list from the University of Kansas Medical Center  
<http://www.kumc.edu/gec/support/skeldysp.html>
- The MAGIC Foundation  
<https://www.magicfoundation.org/>

### GeneReviews

- Thanatophoric Dysplasia  
<https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK1366>

### ClinicalTrials.gov

- ClinicalTrials.gov  
<https://clinicaltrials.gov/ct2/results?cond=%22thanatophoric+dysplasia%22>

## Scientific Articles on PubMed

- PubMed  
<https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed?term=%28Thanatophoric+Dysplasia%5BMAJR%5D%29+AND+%28thanatophoric+dysplasia%5BTIAB%5D%29+AND+english%5Bla%5D+AND+human%5Bmh%5D+AND+%22last+1800+days%22%5Bdp%5D>

## OMIM

- THANATOPHORIC DYSPLASIA, TYPE I  
<http://omim.org/entry/187600>
- THANATOPHORIC DYSPLASIA, TYPE II  
<http://omim.org/entry/187601>

## **Sources for This Summary**

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Reprinted from Genetics Home Reference:  
<https://ghr.nlm.nih.gov/condition/thanatophoric-dysplasia>

Reviewed: October 2012  
Published: September 19, 2017

Lister Hill National Center for Biomedical Communications  
U.S. National Library of Medicine  
National Institutes of Health  
Department of Health & Human Services