Tarsal-carpal coalition syndrome

Tarsal-carpal coalition syndrome is a rare, inherited bone disorder that affects primarily the hands and feet. Several individual bones make up each wrist (carpal bones) and ankle (tarsal bones). In tarsal-carpal coalition syndrome, the carpal bones fuse together, as do the tarsal bones, which causes stiffness and immobility of the hands and feet. Symptoms of the condition can become apparent in infancy, and they worsen with age. The severity of the symptoms can vary, even among members of the same family.

In this condition, fusion at the joints between the bones that make up each finger and toe (symphalangism) can also occur. Consequently, the fingers and toes become stiff and difficult to bend. Stiffness of the pinky fingers and toes (fifth digits) is usually noticeable first. The joints at the base of the pinky fingers and toes fuse first, and slowly, the other joints along the length of these digits may also be affected. Progressively, the bones in the fourth, third, and second digits (the ring finger, middle finger, and forefinger, and the corresponding toes) become fused. The thumb and big toe are usually not involved. Affected individuals have increasing trouble forming a fist, and walking often becomes painful and difficult. Occasionally, there is also fusion of bones in the upper and lower arm at the elbow joint (humeroradial fusion). Less common features of tarsal-carpal coalition syndrome include short stature or the development of hearing loss.

Frequency

This condition is very rare; however, the exact prevalence is unknown.

Causes

Tarsal-carpal coalition syndrome is caused by mutations in the \textit{NOG} gene, which provides instructions for making a protein called noggin. This protein plays an important role in proper bone and joint development by blocking (inhibiting) signals that stimulate bone formation. The noggin protein attaches (binds) to proteins called bone morphogenetic proteins (BMPs), which keeps the BMPs from triggering signals for the development of bone.

\textit{NOG} gene mutations that cause tarsal-carpal coalition syndrome reduce the amount of functional noggin protein. With decreased noggin function, BMPs abnormally stimulate bone formation in joint areas, where there should be no bone, causing the bone fusions seen in people with tarsal-carpal coalition syndrome.

Mutations in the \textit{NOG} gene are involved in several disorders with overlapping signs and symptoms. Because of a shared genetic cause and overlapping features, researchers have suggested that these conditions, including tarsal-carpal coalition syndrome,
represent a spectrum of related conditions referred to as \textit{NOG-related-symphalangism spectrum disorder (NOG-SSD)}.

\textbf{Inheritance Pattern}

This condition is inherited in an autosomal dominant pattern, which means one copy of the altered gene in each cell is sufficient to cause the disorder.

\textbf{Other Names for This Condition}

\begin{itemize}
  \item NOG-related-symphalangism spectrum disorder
  \item TCC
\end{itemize}

\textbf{Diagnosis & Management}

\textbf{Genetic Testing Information}

\begin{itemize}
  \item What is genetic testing? /primer/testing/genetictesting
  \item Genetic Testing Registry: Tarsal carpal coalition syndrome
\end{itemize}

\textbf{Other Diagnosis and Management Resources}

\begin{itemize}
  \item Foot Health Facts: Tarsal Coalition
    https://www.foothealthfacts.org/conditions/tarsal-coalition
\end{itemize}

\textbf{Additional Information & Resources}

\textbf{Health Information from MedlinePlus}

\begin{itemize}
  \item Health Topic: Bone Diseases
    https://medlineplus.gov/bonediseases.html
\end{itemize}

\textbf{Genetic and Rare Diseases Information Center}

\begin{itemize}
  \item Tarsal carpal coalition syndrome
\end{itemize}

\textbf{Educational Resources}

\begin{itemize}
  \item Boston Children's Hospital: Brachydactyly, Symphalangism, and Synostoses
    http://www.childrenshospital.org/Research/Centers-Departmental-Programs/center-for-the-study-of-genetic-skeletal-disorders/research-focus-areas/brachydactyly-symphalangism-and-synostoses
  \item Foot Health Facts: Tarsal Coalition
    https://www.foothealthfacts.org/conditions/tarsal-coalition
  \item MalaCards: tarsal-carpal coalition syndrome
    http://www.malacards.org/card/tarsal_carpal_coalition_syndrome
\end{itemize}
• Merck Manual Consumer Version: Overview of Bone Disorders in Children

• Orphanet: Tarsal-carpal coalition syndrome
  https://www.orpha.net/consor/cgi-bin/OC_Exp.php?Lng=EN&Expert=1412

Patient Support and Advocacy Resources

• Foot Health Facts
  https://www.foothealthfacts.org/

• United States Bone and Joint Initiative
  https://www.usbji.org/

Scientific Articles on PubMed

• PubMed
  https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed?term=%28%28tarsal-carpal+coalition+syndrome%5BTIAB%5D%29+OR+%28symphalangism%5BTIAB%5D%29%29+AND+english%5Bla%5D+AND+human%5Bmh%5D+AND+%22last+1800+days%22%5Bdp%5D

Catalog of Genes and Diseases from OMIM

• TARSAL-CARPAL COALITION SYNDROME
  http://omim.org/entry/186570

Sources for This Summary

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