Spinal muscular atrophy with respiratory distress type 1

Spinal muscular atrophy with respiratory distress type 1 (SMARD1) is an inherited condition that causes muscle weakness and respiratory failure typically beginning in infancy. Early features of this condition are difficult and noisy breathing, especially when inhaling; a weak cry; problems feeding; and recurrent episodes of pneumonia. Typically between the ages of 6 weeks and 6 months, infants with this condition will experience a sudden inability to breathe due to paralysis of the muscle that separates the abdomen from the chest cavity (the diaphragm). Normally, the diaphragm contracts and moves downward during inhalation to allow the lungs to expand. With diaphragm paralysis, affected individuals require life-long support with a machine to help them breathe (mechanical ventilation). Rarely, children with SMARD1 develop signs or symptoms of the disorder later in childhood.

Soon after respiratory failure occurs, individuals with SMARD1 develop muscle weakness in their distal muscles. These are the muscles farther from the center of the body, such as muscles in the hands and feet. The weakness soon spreads to all muscles; however, within 2 years, the muscle weakness typically stops getting worse. Some individuals may retain a low level of muscle function, while others lose all ability to move their muscles. Muscle weakness severely impairs motor development, such as sitting, standing, and walking. Some affected children develop an abnormal side-to-side and back-to-front curvature of the spine (scoliosis and kyphosis, often called kyphoscoliosis when they occur together). After approximately the first year of life, individuals with SMARD1 may lose their deep tendon reflexes, such as the reflex being tested when a doctor taps the knee with a hammer.

Other features of SMARD1 can include reduced pain sensitivity, excessive sweating (hyperhidrosis), loss of bladder and bowel control, and an irregular heartbeat (arrhythmia).

Frequency

SMARD1 appears to be a rare condition, but its prevalence is unknown. More than 60 cases have been reported in the scientific literature.

Causes

Mutations in the *IGHMBP2* gene cause SMARD1. The *IGHMBP2* gene provides instructions for making a protein involved in copying (replicating) DNA; producing RNA, a chemical cousin of DNA; and producing proteins. *IGHMBP2* gene mutations that cause SMARD1 lead to the production of a protein with reduced ability to aid in DNA replication and the production of RNA and proteins. These problems particularly affect alpha-motor neurons, which are specialized cells in the brainstem and spinal cord that
control muscle movements. Although the mechanism is unknown, altered IGHMBP2 proteins contribute to the damage of these neurons and their death over time. The cumulative death of alpha-motor neurons leads to breathing problems and progressive muscle weakness in children with SMARD1.

Research suggests that the amount of functional protein that is produced from the mutated IGHMBP2 gene may play a role in the severity of SMARD1. Individuals who have some functional protein are more likely to develop signs and symptoms later in childhood and retain a greater level of muscle function.

Inheritance Pattern

This condition is inherited in an autosomal recessive pattern, which means both copies of the gene in each cell have mutations. The parents of an individual with an autosomal recessive condition each carry one copy of the mutated gene, but they typically do not show signs and symptoms of the condition.

Other Names for This Condition

- autosomal recessive distal spinal muscular atrophy 1
- DHMN6
- diaphragmatic spinal muscular atrophy
- distal hereditary motor neuronopathy type VI
- distal spinal muscular atrophy type 1
- DSMA1
- HMN6
- HMNVI
- severe infantile axonal neuropathy with respiratory failure
- SIANRF
- SMARD1
- spinal muscular atrophy with respiratory distress

Diagnosis & Management

Genetic Testing Information

- What is genetic testing? /primer/testing/genetictesting
Research Studies from ClinicalTrials.gov

- ClinicalTrials.gov
  https://clinicaltrials.gov/ct2/results?cond=%22spinal+muscular+atrophy+with+respiratory+distress%22+OR+%22Infantile+Spinal+Muscular+Atrophy%22+OR+%22Spinal+Muscular+Atrophies+of+Childhood%22

Additional Information & Resources

Health Information from MedlinePlus

- Encyclopedia: Diaphragm and Lungs (figure)
  https://medlineplus.gov/ency/imagepages/19380.htm
- Health Topic: Respiratory Failure
  https://medlineplus.gov/respiratoryfailure.html
- Health Topic: Spinal Muscular Atrophy
  https://medlineplus.gov/spinalmuscularatrophy.html

Genetic and Rare Diseases Information Center

- Spinal muscular atrophy with respiratory distress 1

Additional NIH Resources

- National Heart Lung and Blood Institute: What is Respiratory Failure?
  https://www.nhlbi.nih.gov/health-topics/respiratory-failure

Educational Resources

- Cure SMA: The Genetics of Spinal Muscular Atrophy
  https://www.curesma.org/genetics/
- Indiana University: International SMA Patient Registry
  https://smaregistry.iu.edu/
- MalaCards: spinal muscular atrophy, distal, autosomal recessive, 1
  https://www.malacards.org/card/spinal_muscular_atrophy_distal_autosomal_recessive_1
- Orphanet: Spinal muscular atrophy with respiratory distress type 1
  https://www.orpha.net/consor/cgi-bin/OC_Exp.php?Lng=EN&Expert=98920
- The Jackson Laboratory: Running for SMARD
- Washington University, St. Louis Neuromuscular Disease Center
  https://neuromuscular.wustl.edu/synmot.html#smard1

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Patient Support and Advocacy Resources

- Cure SMA
  https://www.curesma.org/
- SMA Foundation
  http://www.smafoundation.org/
- Spinal Muscular Atrophy UK
  https://smauk.org.uk/SMARD1

Scientific Articles on PubMed

- PubMed
  https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed?term=%28%28smard%5BTIAB%5D%29+OR+%28smard1%5BTIAB%5D%29+OR+%28distal+spinal+muscular+atrophy+type+1%5BTIAB%5D%29+OR+%28dsma1%5BTIAB%5D%29+OR+%28spinal+muscular+atrophy+with+respiratory+distress+type+1%5BTIAB%5D%29+OR+%28smard%5BTIAB%5D%29+AND+english%5Bla%5D+AND+human%5Bmh%5D+AND+%22last+3600+days%22%5Bdp%5D

Catalog of Genes and Diseases from OMIM

- SPINAL MUSCULAR ATROPHY, DISTAL, AUTOSOMAL RECESSIVE, 1
  http://omim.org/entry/604320

Medical Genetics Database from MedGen

- Spinal muscular atrophy, distal, autosomal recessive, 1

Sources for This Summary

  Citation on PubMed: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/18263757

  Citation on PubMed: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/23726377

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