Spastic paraplegia type 8

Spastic paraplegia type 8 is part of a group of genetic disorders known as hereditary spastic paraplegias. These disorders are characterized by progressive muscle stiffness (spasticity) and the development of paralysis of the lower limbs (paraplegia). Hereditary spastic paraplegias are divided into two types: pure and complex. The pure types involve only the nerves and muscles controlling the lower limbs and bladder, whereas the complex types also have significant involvement of the nervous system in other parts of the body. Spastic paraplegia type 8 is a pure hereditary spastic paraplegia.

Like all hereditary spastic paraplegias, spastic paraplegia type 8 involves spasticity of the leg muscles and muscle weakness. People with this condition can also experience exaggerated reflexes (hyperreflexia), a decreased ability to feel vibrations, muscle wasting (amyotrophy), and reduced bladder control. The signs and symptoms of spastic paraplegia type 8 usually appear in early to mid-adulthood. As the muscle weakness and spasticity get worse, some people may need the aid of a cane, walker, or wheelchair.

Frequency

The prevalence of all hereditary spastic paraplegias combined is estimated to be 1 to 18 in 100,000 people worldwide. Spastic paraplegia type 8 likely accounts for only a small percentage of all spastic paraplegia cases.

Causes

Mutations in the WASHC5 gene cause spastic paraplegia type 8. The WASHC5 gene provides instructions for making a protein called strumpellin. Strumpellin is active (expressed) throughout the body, although its exact function is unknown. The protein’s structure suggests that strumpellin may interact with the structural framework inside cells (the cytoskeleton) and may attach (bind) to other proteins.

WASHC5 gene mutations are thought to change the structure of the strumpellin protein. It is unknown how the altered strumpellin protein causes the signs and symptoms of spastic paraplegia type 8.

Inheritance Pattern

Spastic paraplegia type 8 is inherited in an autosomal dominant pattern, which means one copy of the altered gene in each cell is sufficient to cause the disorder.

In most cases, an affected person inherits the mutation from one affected parent. Other cases result from new mutations in the gene and occur in people with no history of the disorder in their family.
Other Names for This Condition

- autosomal dominant spastic paraplegia 8
- hereditary spastic paraplegia 8
- spastic paraplegia 8
- SPG 8

Diagnosis & Management

Genetic Testing Information

- What is genetic testing?
  /primer/testing/genetictesting
- Genetic Testing Registry: Spastic paraplegia 8

Research Studies from ClinicalTrials.gov

- ClinicalTrials.gov
  https://clinicaltrials.gov/ct2/results?cond=%22spastic+paraplegia+type+8%22+OR+%22Spastic+Paraplegia%2C+Hereditary%22+OR+%22Spastic+Paraplegia%22

Other Diagnosis and Management Resources

- GeneReview: Spastic Paraplegia 8
  https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK1827
- Spastic Paraplegia Foundation, Inc.: Treatments and Therapies
  https://sp-foundation.org/understanding-pls-hsp/treatments.html

Additional Information & Resources

Health Information from MedlinePlus

- Health Topic: Neuromuscular Disorders
  https://medlineplus.gov/neuromusculardisorders.html
- Health Topic: Paralysis
  https://medlineplus.gov/paralysis.html
- Health Topic: Peripheral Nerve Disorders
  https://medlineplus.gov/peripheralnervedisorders.html

Genetic and Rare Diseases Information Center

- Spastic paraplegia 8
  https://rarediseases.info.nih.gov/diseases/9591/spastic-paraplegia-8
Additional NIH Resources

- National Institute of Neurological Disorders and Stroke: Hereditary Spastic Paraplegia
  https://www.ninds.nih.gov/Disorders/All-Disorders/Hereditary-spastic-paraplegia-Information-Page

Educational Resources

- MalaCards: spastic paraplegia 8
  https://www.malacards.org/card/spastic_paraplegia_8


- Orphanet: Hereditary spastic paraplegia
  https://www.orpha.net/consor/cgi-bin/OC_Exp.php?Lng=EN&Expert=685

- University of Kansas Medical Center Resource List
  http://www.kumc.edu/gec/support/hsp.html

- Washington University, St. Louis: Neuromuscular Disease Center
  https://neuromuscular.wustl.edu/spinal/fsp.html#spg8

Patient Support and Advocacy Resources

- National Organization for Rare Disorders (NORD): Hereditary Spastic Paraplegia
  https://rarediseases.org/rare-diseases/hereditary-spastic-paraplegia/

- RareConnect
  https://www.rareconnect.org/en/community/hereditary-spastic-paraplegia

Clinical Information from GeneReviews

- Spastic Paraplegia 8
  https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK1827

Scientific Articles on PubMed

- PubMed
  https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed?term=%28SPG8%5BTIAB%5D%29+AND+english%5Bla%5D+AND+human%5Bmh%5D+AND+%22last+3600+days+%22%5Bdp%5D

Catalog of Genes and Diseases from OMIM

- SPASTIC PARAPLEGIA 8, AUTOSOMAL DOMINANT
  http://omim.org/entry/603563
Sources for This Summary

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