Small fiber neuropathy

Small fiber neuropathy is a condition characterized by severe pain attacks that typically begin in the feet or hands. As a person ages, the pain attacks can affect other regions. Some people initially experience a more generalized, whole-body pain. The attacks usually consist of pain described as stabbing or burning, or abnormal skin sensations such as tingling or itchiness. In some individuals, the pain is more severe during times of rest or at night. The signs and symptoms of small fiber neuropathy usually begin in adolescence to mid-adulthood.

Individuals with small fiber neuropathy cannot feel pain that is concentrated in a very small area, such as the prick of a pin. However, they have an increased sensitivity to pain in general (hyperalgesia) and experience pain from stimulation that typically does not cause pain (allodynia). People affected with this condition may also have a reduced ability to differentiate between hot and cold. However, in some individuals, the pain attacks are provoked by cold or warm triggers.

Some affected individuals have urinary or bowel problems, episodes of rapid heartbeat (palpitations), dry eyes or mouth, or abnormal sweating. They can also experience a sharp drop in blood pressure upon standing (orthostatic hypotension), which can cause dizziness, blurred vision, or fainting.

Small fiber neuropathy is considered a form of peripheral neuropathy because it affects the peripheral nervous system, which connects the brain and spinal cord to muscles and to cells that detect sensations such as touch, smell, and pain.

Frequency

The prevalence of small fiber neuropathy is unknown.

Causes

Mutations in the **SCN9A** or **SCN10A** gene can cause small fiber neuropathy. These genes provide instructions for making pieces (the alpha subunits) of sodium channels. The **SCN9A** gene instructs the production of the alpha subunit for the NaV1.7 sodium channel and the **SCN10A** gene instructs the production of the alpha subunit for the NaV1.8 sodium channel. Sodium channels transport positively charged sodium atoms (sodium ions) into cells and play a key role in a cell's ability to generate and transmit electrical signals. The NaV1.7 and NaV1.8 sodium channels are found in nerve cells called nociceptors that transmit pain signals to the spinal cord and brain.

The **SCN9A** gene mutations that cause small fiber neuropathy result in NaV1.7 sodium channels that do not close completely when the channel is turned off. Many **SCN10A** gene mutations result in NaV1.8 sodium channels that open more easily than usual.
The altered channels allow sodium ions to flow abnormally into nociceptors. This increase in sodium ions enhances transmission of pain signals, causing individuals to be more sensitive to stimulation that might otherwise not cause pain. In this condition, the small fibers that extend from the nociceptors through which pain signals are transmitted (axons) degenerate over time. The cause of this degeneration is unknown, but it likely accounts for signs and symptoms such as the loss of temperature differentiation and pinprick sensation. The combination of increased pain signaling and degeneration of pain-transmitting fibers leads to a variable condition with signs and symptoms that can change over time.

SCN9A gene mutations have been found in approximately 30 percent of individuals with small fiber neuropathy; SCN10A gene mutations are responsible for about 5 percent of cases. In some instances, other health conditions cause this disorder. Diabetes mellitus and impaired glucose tolerance are the most common diseases that lead to this disorder, with 6 to 50 percent of diabetics or pre-diabetics developing small fiber neuropathy. Other causes of this condition include a metabolic disorder called Fabry disease, immune disorders such as celiac disease or Sjogren syndrome, an inflammatory condition called sarcoidosis, and human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) infection.

Inheritance Pattern

Small fiber neuropathy is inherited in an autosomal dominant pattern, which means one copy of the altered SCN9A gene or SCN10A gene in each cell is sufficient to cause the disorder. In some cases, an affected person inherits the mutation from one affected parent. Other cases result from new mutations in the gene and occur in people with no history of the disorder in their family.

When the genetic cause of small fiber neuropathy is unknown or when the condition is caused by another disorder, the inheritance pattern is unclear.

Other Names for This Condition

- SFN
- SFNP
- small nerve fiber neuropathy

Diagnosis & Management

Genetic Testing Information

- What is genetic testing? /primer/testing/genetictesting
Research Studies from ClinicalTrials.gov

- ClinicalTrials.gov
  https://clinicaltrials.gov/ct2/results?cond=%22small+fiber+neuropathy%22+OR+%22small+nerve+fiber+neuropathy%22

Additional Information & Resources

Health Information from MedlinePlus

- Health Topic: Peripheral Nerve Disorders
  https://medlineplus.gov/peripheralnervedisorders.html

Additional NIH Resources

- National Institute of Neurological Disorders and Stroke: Chronic Pain Information Page
  https://www.ninds.nih.gov/Disorders/All-Disorders/Chronic-pain-Information-Page

- National Institute of Neurological Disorders and Stroke: Peripheral Neuropathy Information Page
  https://www.ninds.nih.gov/Disorders/All-Disorders/Peripheral-Neuropathy-Information-Page

Educational Resources

- Johns Hopkins Medicine: Peripheral Neuropathy
  https://www.hopkinsmedicine.org/health/conditions-and-diseases/peripheral-neuropathy

- MalaCards: sodium channelopathy-related small fiber neuropathy
  https://www.malacards.org/card/sodium_channelopathy_related_small_fiber_neuropathy

- Merck Manual Consumer Version: Nociceptive Pain
  https://www.merckmanuals.com/home/brain,-spinal-cord,-and-nerve-disorders/pain/nociceptive-pain

- Orphanet: Sodium channelopathy-related small fiber neuropathy
  https://www.orpha.net/consor/cgi-bin/OC_Exp.php?Lng=EN&Expert=306577

Patient Support and Advocacy Resources

- American Chronic Pain Association
  https://www.theacpa.org/

- The Foundation for Peripheral Neuropathy
  https://www.foundationforpn.org/
Scientific Articles on PubMed

- PubMed
  https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed?term=%28small+fiber+neuropathy%5BTIAB%5D%29+AND%28Peripheral+Nervous+System+Diseases%5BMAJR%5D%29+AND+english%5Bla%5D+AND+human%5Bmh%5D+AND+%22last+1800+days%22%5Bdp%5D

Catalog of Genes and Diseases from OMIM

- ERYTHERMALGIA, PRIMARY
  http://omim.org/entry/133020

Medical Genetics Database from MedGen

- Small fiber neuropathy

Sources for This Summary


Reprinted from Genetics Home Reference:
https://ghr.nlm.nih.gov/condition/small-fiber-neuropathy

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