Short QT syndrome

Short QT syndrome is a condition that can cause a disruption of the heart's normal rhythm (arrhythmia). In people with this condition, the heart (cardiac) muscle takes less time than usual to recharge between beats. The term "short QT" refers to a specific pattern of heart activity that is detected with an electrocardiogram (EKG), which is a test used to measure the electrical activity of the heart. In people with this condition, the part of the heartbeat known as the QT interval is abnormally short.

If untreated, the arrhythmia associated with short QT syndrome can lead to a variety of signs and symptoms, from dizziness and fainting (syncope) to cardiac arrest and sudden death. These signs and symptoms can occur any time from early infancy to old age. This condition may explain some cases of sudden infant death syndrome (SIDS), which is a major cause of unexplained death in babies younger than 1 year. However, some people with short QT syndrome never experience any health problems associated with the condition.

Frequency

Short QT syndrome appears to be rare. At least 70 cases have been identified worldwide since the condition was discovered in 2000. However, the condition may be underdiagnosed because some affected individuals never experience symptoms.

Causes

Mutations in the $KCNH2$, $KCNJ2$, and $KCNQ1$ genes can cause short QT syndrome. These genes provide instructions for making channels that transport positively charged atoms (ions) of potassium out of cells. In cardiac muscle, these ion channels play critical roles in maintaining the heart's normal rhythm. Mutations in the $KCNH2$, $KCNJ2$, or $KCNQ1$ gene increase the activity of the channels, which enhances the flow of potassium ions across the membrane of cardiac muscle cells. This change in ion transport alters the electrical activity of the heart and can lead to the abnormal heart rhythms characteristic of short QT syndrome.

Some affected individuals do not have an identified mutation in the $KCNH2$, $KCNJ2$, or $KCNQ1$ gene. Changes in other genes that have not been identified may cause the disorder in these cases.

Inheritance Pattern

Short QT syndrome appears to have an autosomal dominant pattern of inheritance, which means one copy of the altered gene in each cell is sufficient to cause the disorder. Some affected individuals have a family history of short QT syndrome or related heart problems and sudden cardiac death. Other cases of short QT syndrome
are classified as sporadic and occur in people with no apparent family history of related heart problems.

**Other Names for This Condition**
- SQTS

**Diagnosis & Management**

**Genetic Testing Information**
- What is genetic testing? [primer/testing/genetictesting](https://primer/testing/genetictesting)

**Research Studies from ClinicalTrials.gov**
- ClinicalTrials.gov [https://clinicaltrials.gov/ct2/results?cond=%22short+QT+syndrome%22+OR+%22SQTS%22](https://clinicaltrials.gov/ct2/results?cond=%22short+QT+syndrome%22+OR+%22SQTS%22)

**Other Diagnosis and Management Resources**

**Additional Information & Resources**

**Health Information from MedlinePlus**
- Health Topic: Arrhythmia [https://medlineplus.gov/arrhythmia.html](https://medlineplus.gov/arrhythmia.html)
- Health Topic: Congenital Heart Defects [https://medlineplus.gov/congenitalheartdefects.html](https://medlineplus.gov/congenitalheartdefects.html)
- Medical Tests: Electrocardiogram [https://medlineplus.gov/lab-tests/electrocardiogram/](https://medlineplus.gov/lab-tests/electrocardiogram/)
Educational Resources

- Boston Children's Hospital
  http://www.childrenshospital.org/conditions-and-treatments/conditions/a/arrhythmia
- KidsHealth from the Nemours Foundation
- MalaCards: short qt syndrome
  https://www.malacards.org/card/short_qt_syndrome
- Merck Manual Home Health Handbook
- Orphanet: Familial short QT syndrome
  https://www.orpha.net/consor/cgi-bin/OC_Exp.php?Lng=EN&Expert=51083

Patient Support and Advocacy Resources

- American Heart Association
  https://www.heart.org/en/health-topics/arrhythmia
- Heart Rhythm Society
  https://www.hrsonline.org/
- Resource list from the University of Kansas Medical Center
  http://www.kumc.edu/gec/support/conghart.html
- Short QT Syndrome Website
  http://www.shortqtssyndrome.org/
- Sudden Arrhythmia Death Syndromes (SADS) Foundation
  https://www.sads.org/What-is-SADS/Short-QT-Syndrome#.Vds6m5dGdD8

Scientific Articles on PubMed

- PubMed
  https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed?term=%28Arrhythmia%5BMAJR%5D%29+AND+%28short+qt+syndrome%5BTIAB%5D%29+AND+english%5Bla%5D+AND+human%5Bmh%5D+AND+%22last+1800+days%22+AND+human%5Bdp%5D

Catalog of Genes and Diseases from OMIM

- SHORT QT SYNDROME 1
  http://omim.org/entry/609620
- SHORT QT SYNDROME 2
  http://omim.org/entry/609621
- SHORT QT SYNDROME 3
  http://omim.org/entry/609622
Sources for This Summary

  Citation on PubMed: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/16255754
  Citation on PubMed: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/16226079
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