Nephronophthisis

Nephronophthisis is a disorder that affects the kidneys. It is characterized by inflammation and scarring (fibrosis) that impairs kidney function. These abnormalities lead to increased urine production (polyuria), excessive thirst (polydipsia), general weakness, and extreme tiredness (fatigue). In addition, affected individuals develop fluid-filled cysts in the kidneys, usually in an area known as the corticomedullary region. Another feature of nephronophthisis is a shortage of red blood cells, a condition known as anemia.

Nephronophthisis eventually leads to end-stage renal disease (ESRD), a life-threatening failure of kidney function that occurs when the kidneys are no longer able to filter fluids and waste products from the body effectively. Nephronophthisis can be classified by the approximate age at which ESRD begins: around age 1 (infantile), around age 13 (juvenile), and around age 19 (adolescent).

About 85 percent of all cases of nephronophthisis are isolated, which means they occur without other signs and symptoms. Some people with nephronophthisis have additional features, which can include liver fibrosis, heart abnormalities, or mirror image reversal of the position of one or more organs inside the body (situs inversus).

Nephronophthisis can occur as part of separate syndromes that affect other areas of the body; these are often referred to as nephronophthisis-associated ciliopathies. For example, Senior-Løken syndrome is characterized by the combination of nephronophthisis and a breakdown of the light-sensitive tissue at the back of the eye (retinal degeneration); Joubert syndrome affects many parts of the body, causing neurological problems and other features, which can include nephronophthisis.

Frequency

Nephronophthisis is found in populations worldwide. It occurs in an estimated 1 in 50,000 newborns in Canada, 1 in 100,000 in Finland, and 1 in 922,000 in the United States. Its incidence in other populations is unknown. Nephronophthisis is the most common genetic cause of ESRD in children and young adults.

Genetic Changes

Nephronophthisis has several genetic causes, which are used to split the condition into distinct types. Nephronophthisis type 1, which is the most common type of the disorder and one cause of juvenile nephronophthisis, results from changes affecting the \( NPHP1 \) gene. The proteins produced from \( NPHP1 \) and the other genes involved in nephronophthisis are known or suspected to play roles in cell structures called cilia. Cilia are microscopic, finger-like projections that stick out from the surface of cells and are involved in chemical signaling. Cilia are important for the structure and function of...
many types of cells and tissues, including cells in the kidneys, liver, and brain and the light-sensitive tissue at the back of the eye (the retina).

The genetic mutations involved in nephronophthisis are thought to impair the structure or function of cilia in some way, which likely disrupts important chemical signaling pathways during development. Although researchers believe that defective cilia lead to the features of nephronophthisis, the mechanism remains unclear. It is unknown why some people with mutations in nephronophthisis-associated genes have only kidney problems, while others develop additional signs and symptoms.

Inheritance Pattern

This condition is inherited in an autosomal recessive pattern, which means both copies of the gene in each cell have mutations. The parents of an individual with an autosomal recessive condition each carry one copy of the mutated gene, but they typically do not show signs and symptoms of the condition.

Other Names for This Condition

• NPH
• NPHP

Diagnosis & Management

Genetic Testing

• Genetic Testing Registry: Nephronophthisis 15
• Genetic Testing Registry: Nephronophthisis 16
• Genetic Testing Registry: Nephronophthisis 18

Other Diagnosis and Management Resources
• GeneReview: Nephronophthisis
  https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK368475
• Merck Manual Consumer Version

General Information from MedlinePlus
• Diagnostic Tests
  https://medlineplus.gov/diagnostictests.html
• Drug Therapy
  https://medlineplus.gov/drugtherapy.html
• Genetic Counseling
  https://medlineplus.gov/geneticcounseling.html
• Palliative Care
  https://medlineplus.gov/palliativecare.html
• Surgery and Rehabilitation
  https://medlineplus.gov/surgeryandrehabilitation.html

Additional Information & Resources
  MedlinePlus
• Encyclopedia: End-Stage Kidney Disease
  https://medlineplus.gov/ency/article/000500.htm
• Encyclopedia: Thirst - Excessive
  https://medlineplus.gov/ency/article/003085.htm
• Encyclopedia: Urination - Excessive Amount
  https://medlineplus.gov/ency/article/003146.htm
• Health Topic: Kidney Cysts
  https://medlineplus.gov/kidneycysts.html
• Health Topic: Kidney Failure
  https://medlineplus.gov/kidneyfailure.html
Genetic and Rare Diseases Information Center

- Nephronophthisis
  https://rarediseases.info.nih.gov/diseases/206/nephronophthisis

Educational Resources

- Disease InfoSearch: Nephronophthisis 1
  http://www.diseaseinfosearch.org/Nephronophthisis+1/5141
- Johns Hopkins Medicine: End Stage Renal Disease
  https://www.hopkinsmedicine.org/healthlibrary/conditions/kidney_and__urinary_system_disorders/end_stage_renal_disease_esrd_85,P01474
- MalaCards: nephronophthisis
  http://www.malacards.org/card/nephronophthisis
- Orphanet: Nephronophthisis
  https://www.orpha.net/consor/cgi-bin/OC_Exp.php?Lng=EN&Expert=655

Patient Support and Advocacy Resources

- Ciliopathy Alliance
  http://www.ciliopathyalliance.org/ciliopathies/nephronophthisis.html
- National Kidney Foundation
  https://www.kidney.org/

GeneReviews

- Nephronophthisis
  https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK368475

ClinicalTrials.gov

- ClinicalTrials.gov
  https://clinicaltrials.gov/ct2/results?cond=%22nephronophthisis%22

Scientific Articles on PubMed

- PubMed
  https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed?term=%28Kidney+Diseases,+Cystic%5BMajar%5D%29+AND+%28nephronophthisis%5BTIAB%5D%29+AND+english%5Bla%5D+AND+human%5Bmh%5D+AND+%22last+1800+days%22%5Bdp%5D

OMIM

- NEPHRONOPHTHISIS 1
  http://omim.org/entry/256100
- NEPHRONOPHTHISIS 2
  http://omim.org/entry/602088
• NEPHRONOPHTHISIS 3
  http://omim.org/entry/604387
• NEPHRONOPHTHISIS 4
  http://omim.org/entry/606966
• NEPHRONOPHTHISIS 7
  http://omim.org/entry/611498
• NEPHRONOPHTHISIS 9
  http://omim.org/entry/613824
• NEPHRONOPHTHISIS 11
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• NEPHRONOPHTHISIS 18
  http://omim.org/entry/615862

Sources for This Summary


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