Mucolipidosis III gamma

Mucolipidosis III gamma is a slowly progressive disorder that affects many parts of the body. Signs and symptoms of this condition typically appear around age 3.

Individuals with mucolipidosis III gamma grow slowly and have short stature. They also have stiff joints and dysostosis multiplex, which refers to multiple skeletal abnormalities seen on x-ray. Many affected individuals develop low bone mineral density (osteoporosis), which weakens the bones and makes them prone to fracture. Osteoporosis and progressive joint problems in people with mucolipidosis III gamma also cause pain, which becomes more severe over time.

People with mucolipidosis III gamma often have heart valve abnormalities and mild clouding of the clear covering of the eye (cornea). Their facial features become slightly thickened or "coarse" as they get older. A small percentage of people with this condition have mild intellectual disability or learning problems. Individuals with mucolipidosis III gamma generally survive into adulthood, but they may have a shortened lifespan.

Frequency

Mucolipidosis III gamma is a rare disorder, although its exact prevalence is unknown. It is estimated to occur in about 1 in 100,000 to 400,000 individuals worldwide.

Causes

Mutations in the \textit{GNPTG} gene cause mucolipidosis III gamma. This gene provides instructions for making one part (subunit) of an enzyme called GlcNAc-1-phosphotransferase. This enzyme helps prepare certain newly made enzymes for transport to lysosomes. Lysosomes are compartments within the cell that use digestive enzymes to break down large molecules into smaller ones that can be reused by cells. GlcNAc-1-phosphotransferase is involved in the process of attaching a molecule called mannose-6-phosphate (M6P) to specific digestive enzymes. Just as luggage is tagged at the airport to direct it to the correct destination, enzymes are often "tagged" after they are made so they get to where they are needed in the cell. M6P acts as a tag that indicates a digestive enzyme should be transported to the lysosome.

Mutations in the \textit{GNPTG} gene that cause mucolipidosis III gamma result in reduced activity of GlcNAc-1-phosphotransferase. These mutations disrupt the tagging of digestive enzymes with M6P, which prevents many enzymes from reaching the lysosomes. Digestive enzymes that do not receive the M6P tag end up outside the cell, where they have increased activity. The shortage of digestive enzymes within lysosomes causes large molecules to accumulate there. Conditions that cause molecules to build up inside lysosomes, including mucolipidosis III gamma, are called lysosomal storage disorders. The signs and symptoms of mucolipidosis III gamma are
most likely due to the shortage of digestive enzymes inside lysosomes and the effects these enzymes have outside the cell.

**Inheritance Pattern**

This condition is inherited in an autosomal recessive pattern, which means both copies of the gene in each cell have mutations. The parents of an individual with an autosomal recessive condition each carry one copy of the mutated gene, but they typically do not show signs and symptoms of the condition.

**Other Names for This Condition**

- ML IIIC
- mucolipidosis III
- mucolipidosis III, variant
- mucolipidosis IIIC
- mucolipidosis type III
- pseudo-Hurler polydystrophy

**Diagnosis & Management**

**Genetic Testing Information**

- What is genetic testing? /primer/testing/genetictesting
- Genetic Testing Registry: Mucolipidosis III Gamma

**Research Studies from ClinicalTrials.gov**

- ClinicalTrials.gov
  https://clinicaltrials.gov/ct2/results?cond=%22mucolipidosis+III+gamma%22+OR+%22Mucolipidosis+Type+III%22+OR+%22Pseudo-Hurler+Polydystrophy%22+OR+%22Mucolipidosis+III%22

**Other Diagnosis and Management Resources**

- GeneReview: Mucolipidosis III Gamma
  https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK24701
- MedlinePlus Encyclopedia: Cloudy Cornea
  https://medlineplus.gov/ency/article/003317.htm
- MedlinePlus Encyclopedia: Heart Valves
  https://medlineplus.gov/ency/imagepages/9380.htm
Additional Information & Resources

Health Information from MedlinePlus

- Encyclopedia: Cloudy Cornea
  https://medlineplus.gov/ency/article/003317.htm
- Encyclopedia: Heart Valves
  https://medlineplus.gov/ency/imagepages/9380.htm
- Health Topic: Metabolic Disorders
  https://medlineplus.gov/metabolicdisorders.html
- Health Topic: Osteoporosis
  https://medlineplus.gov/osteoporosis.html

Additional NIH Resources

- National Institute of Neurological Disorders and Stroke: Mucolipidoses Fact Sheet
  https://www.ninds.nih.gov/Disorders/All-Disorders/Mucolipidoses-Information-Page

Educational Resources

- MalaCards: mucolipidosis iii gamma
  https://www.malacards.org/card/mucolipidosis_iii_gamma
- Orphanet: Mucolipidosis type III
  https://www.orpha.net/consor/cgi-bin/OC_Exp.php?Lng=EN&Expert=577
- The MPS Society (UK): Guide to Understanding Mucolipidosis III
  https://docs.wixstatic.com/ugd/2a10d4_c3c97e840f2f4c308fd3be111496af6b0.pdf

Patient Support and Advocacy Resources

- ISMRD: The International Advocate for Glycoprotein Storage Diseases
  https://www.ismrd.org/
- Lysosomal Diseases New Zealand
  https://www.ldnz.org.nz/
- National MPS Society
  https://mpssociety.org/learn/diseases/ml-ii-and-ml-iii/
- National Organization for Rare Disorders (NORD)
  https://rarediseases.org/rare-diseases/pseudo-hurler-polydystrophy/
- The Canadian Society for Mucopolysaccharide & Related Diseases Inc.
  https://www.mpssociety.ca/
- The MPS Society (UK)
  https://www.mpssociety.org.uk/
Clinical Information from GeneReviews

- Mucolipidosis III Gamma
  https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK24701

Scientific Articles on PubMed

- PubMed
  https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed?term=%28%28mucolipidosis+III+gamma%29+OR+%28mucolipidosis+III%5BTIAB%5D%29+OR+%28mucolipidosis+type+III%5BTIAB%5D%29+OR+%28pseudo-hurler+polydystrophy%5BTIAB%5D%29+OR+%28mucolipidosis+III%5BTIAB%5D%29+AND+english%5Bla%5D+AND+human%5Bmh%5D+AND+%22last+3600+days%22%5Bdp%5D

Catalog of Genes and Diseases from OMIM

- MUCOLIPIDOSIS III GAMMA
  http://omim.org/entry/252605

Sources for This Summary


  Citation on PubMed: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/15060128
  Free article on PubMed Central: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC1735719/

  Citation on PubMed: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/10712439
  Free article on PubMed Central: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC289169/

Reprinted from Genetics Home Reference:

Reviewed: May 2015
Published: January 21, 2020

Lister Hill National Center for Biomedical Communications
U.S. National Library of Medicine
National Institutes of Health
Department of Health & Human Services