Hyperparathyroidism-jaw tumor syndrome

Hyperparathyroidism-jaw tumor syndrome is a condition characterized by overactivity of the parathyroid glands (hyperparathyroidism). The four parathyroid glands are located in the neck and secrete a hormone that regulates the body's use of calcium. Hyperparathyroidism disrupts the normal balance of calcium in the blood, which can lead to kidney stones, thinning of the bones (osteoporosis), nausea, vomiting, high blood pressure (hypertension), weakness, and fatigue.

In people with hyperparathyroidism-jaw tumor syndrome, hyperparathyroidism is caused by tumors that form in the parathyroid glands. Typically only one of the four parathyroid glands is affected, but in some people, tumors are found in more than one gland. The tumors are usually noncancerous (benign), in which case they are called adenomas. Approximately 15 percent of people with hyperparathyroidism-jaw tumor syndrome develop a cancerous tumor called parathyroid carcinoma. People with hyperparathyroidism-jaw tumor syndrome may also have a type of benign tumor called a fibroma in the jaw. Even though jaw tumors are specified in the name of this condition, it is estimated that only 25 to 50 percent of affected individuals have this symptom.

Other tumors, both benign and cancerous, are often seen in hyperparathyroidism-jaw tumor syndrome. For example, tumors of the uterus occur in about 75 percent of women with this condition. The kidneys are affected in about 20 percent of people with hyperparathyroidism-jaw tumor syndrome. Benign kidney cysts are the most common kidney feature, but a rare tumor called Wilms tumor and other types of kidney tumor have also been found.

Frequency

The exact prevalence of hyperparathyroidism-jaw tumor syndrome is unknown. Approximately 200 cases have been reported in the medical literature.

Causes

Mutations in the \( \text{CDC73} \) gene (also known as the \( \text{HRPT2} \) gene) cause hyperparathyroidism-jaw tumor syndrome. The \( \text{CDC73} \) gene provides instructions for making a protein called parafibromin. This protein is found throughout the body and is likely involved in gene transcription, which is the first step in protein production. Parafibromin is also thought to play a role in cell growth and division (proliferation), either promoting or inhibiting cell proliferation depending on signals within the cell.

\( \text{CDC73} \) gene mutations cause hyperparathyroidism-jaw tumor syndrome by reducing the amount of functional parafibromin that is produced. Most of these mutations result in a parafibromin protein that is abnormally short and nonfunctional. Without functional
parafibromin, cell proliferation is not properly regulated. Uncontrolled cell division can lead to the formation of tumors. It is unknown why only certain tissues seem to be affected by changes in parafibromin.

Some people with hyperparathyroidism-jaw tumor syndrome do not have identified mutations in the \textit{CDC73} gene. The cause of the condition in these individuals is unknown.

\textbf{Inheritance Pattern}

This condition is inherited in an autosomal dominant pattern, which means one copy of the altered gene in each cell is sufficient to cause the disorder.

\textbf{Other Names for This Condition}

- familial cystic parathyroid adenomatosis
- familial primary hyperparathyroidism with multiple ossifying jaw fibromas
- hereditary hyperparathyroidism-jaw tumor syndrome
- HPT-JT
- hyperparathyroidism 2

\textbf{Diagnosis & Management}

\textbf{Genetic Testing Information}

- What is genetic testing? [primer/testing/genetictesting]

\textbf{Research Studies from ClinicalTrials.gov}

- ClinicalTrials.gov [https://clinicaltrials.gov/ct2/results?cond=%22hyperparathyroidism-jaw+tumor+syndrome%22+OR+%22Primary+Hyperparathyroidism%22+OR+%22Hyperparathyroidism%2C+Primary%22]

\textbf{Other Diagnosis and Management Resources}

Additional Information & Resources

Health Information from MedlinePlus

- Encyclopedia: Hyperparathyroidism
  https://medlineplus.gov/ency/article/001215.htm
- Encyclopedia: Parathyroid Adenoma
  https://medlineplus.gov/ency/article/001188.htm
- Health Topic: Jaw Injuries and Disorders
  https://medlineplus.gov/jawinjuriesanddisorders.html
- Health Topic: Parathyroid Disorders
  https://medlineplus.gov/parathyroiddisorders.html

Genetic and Rare Diseases Information Center

- Hyperparathyroidism-jaw tumor syndrome

Additional NIH Resources

- National Cancer Institute: General Information About Parathyroid Cancer
  https://www.cancer.gov/types/parathyroid/patient/parathyroid-treatment-pdq
- National Endocrine and Metabolic Diseases Information Service: Hyperparathyroidism
  https://www.niddk.nih.gov/health-information/endocrine-diseases/primary-hyperparathyroidism
- National Institutes of Diabetes and Digestive and Kidney Diseases: Simple Kidney Cysts
  https://www.niddk.nih.gov/health-information/kidney-disease/simple-kidney-cysts

Educational Resources

- Boston Children's Hospital: Odontogenic Tumors in Children
  http://www.childrenshospital.org/conditions-and-treatments/conditions/o/odontogenic-tumors
- MalaCards: hyperparathyroidism 2 with jaw tumors
  https://www.malacards.org/card/hyperparathyroidism_2_with_jaw_tumors
- Merck Manual Consumer Version: Hypercalcemia (High Level of Calcium in the Blood)
- Orphanet: Hyperparathyroidism-jaw tumor syndrome
  https://www.orpha.net/consor/cgi-bin/OC_Exp.php?Lng=EN&Expert=99880
Patient Support and Advocacy Resources

• American Cancer Society
  https://www.cancer.org/

Clinical Information from GeneReviews

• CDC73-Related Disorders
  https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK3789

Scientific Articles on PubMed

• PubMed
  https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed?term=%28%28hyperparathyroidism-jaw+tumor+syndrome%5BTIAB%5D%29+OR+%28hpt-jt%5BTIAB%5D%29+AND+english%5BLa%5D+AND+human%5Bmh%5D+AND+%22last+1440+days%22%5BTIAB%5D

Catalog of Genes and Diseases from OMIM

• HYPERPARATHYROIDISM 2 WITH JAW TUMORS
  http://omim.org/entry/145001

Medical Genetics Database from MedGen

• Hyperparathyroidism 2

Sources for This Summary

  Citation on PubMed: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/16487440

  Citation on PubMed: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/19529956

  Citation on PubMed: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/18755853

  Citation on PubMed: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/20052758

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