Holocarboxylase synthetase deficiency

Holocarboxylase synthetase deficiency is an inherited disorder in which the body is unable to use the vitamin biotin effectively. This disorder is classified as a multiple carboxylase deficiency, a group of disorders characterized by impaired activity of certain enzymes that depend on biotin.

The signs and symptoms of holocarboxylase synthetase deficiency typically appear within the first few months of life, but the age of onset varies. Affected infants often have difficulty feeding, breathing problems, a skin rash, hair loss (alopecia), and a lack of energy (lethargy). Immediate treatment and lifelong management with biotin supplements may prevent many of these complications. If left untreated, the disorder can lead to delayed development, seizures, and coma. These medical problems may be life-threatening in some cases.

Frequency

The exact incidence of this condition is unknown, but it is estimated to affect 1 in 87,000 people.

Causes

Mutations in the HLCS gene cause holocarboxylase synthetase deficiency. The HLCS gene provides instructions for making an enzyme called holocarboxylase synthetase. This enzyme is important for the effective use of biotin, a B vitamin found in foods such as liver, egg yolks, and milk. Holocarboxylase synthetase attaches biotin to certain enzymes that are essential for the normal production and breakdown of proteins, fats, and carbohydrates in the body. Mutations in the HLCS gene reduce the enzyme's ability to attach biotin to these enzymes, preventing them from processing nutrients properly and disrupting many cellular functions. These defects lead to the serious medical problems associated with holocarboxylase synthetase deficiency.

Inheritance Pattern

This condition is inherited in an autosomal recessive pattern, which means both copies of the gene in each cell have mutations. The parents of an individual with an autosomal recessive condition each carry one copy of the mutated gene, but they typically do not show signs and symptoms of the condition.

Other Names for This Condition

- Early-Onset Biotin-Responsive Multiple Carboxylase Deficiency
- Early-Onset Combined Carboxylase Deficiency
• HLCS deficiency
• Infantile Multiple Carboxylase Deficiency
• Multiple Carboxylase Deficiency, Neonatal Form

**Diagnosis & Management**

**Formal Diagnostic Criteria**

• ACT Sheet: Elevated C5-OH Acylcarnitine
  https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK55827/bin/C5-OH.pdf

**Genetic Testing Information**

• What is genetic testing?
  /primer/testing/genetictesting

• Genetic Testing Registry: Holocarboxylase synthetase deficiency

**Research Studies from ClinicalTrials.gov**

• ClinicalTrials.gov
  https://clinicaltrials.gov/ct2/results?cond=%22holocarboxylase+synthetase+deficiency%22+OR+%22Multiple+Carboxylase+Deficiency%22

**Other Diagnosis and Management Resources**

• Baby’s First Test
  https://www.babysfirsttest.org/newborn-screening/conditions/holocarboxylase-synthetase-deficiency

• MedlinePlus Encyclopedia: Pantothenic Acid and Biotin
  https://medlineplus.gov/ency/article/002410.htm

**Additional Information & Resources**

**Health Information from MedlinePlus**

• Encyclopedia: Pantothenic Acid and Biotin
  https://medlineplus.gov/ency/article/002410.htm

• Health Topic: Genetic Brain Disorders
  https://medlineplus.gov/geneticbraindisorders.html

• Health Topic: Metabolic Disorders
  https://medlineplus.gov/metabolicdisorders.html

• Health Topic: Newborn Screening
  https://medlineplus.gov/newbornscreening.html
Genetic and Rare Diseases Information Center

- Holocarboxylase synthetase deficiency
  https://rarediseases.info.nih.gov/diseases/2721/holocarboxylase-synthetase-deficiency

Educational Resources

- MalaCards: holocarboxylase synthetase deficiency
  https://www.malacards.org/card/holocarboxylase_synthetase_deficiency
- Orphanet: Multiple carboxylase deficiency
  https://www.orpha.net/consor/cgi-bin/OC_Exp.php?Lng=EN&Expert=148
- Screening, Technology, and Research in Genetics
  http://www.newbornscreening.info/Parents/organicaciddisorders/HCSD.html
- Virginia Department of Health

Patient Support and Advocacy Resources

- Metabolic Support UK
  https://www.metabolicsupportuk.org/
- Organic Acidemia Association
  https://www.oaanews.org/mcd.html
- Resource list from the University of Kansas Medical Center
  http://www.kumc.edu/gec/support/metaboli.html

Scientific Articles on PubMed

- PubMed
  https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed?term=%28%28holocarboxylase+synthetase+deficiency%5BTIAB%5D%29+OR+%28biotin-responsive+multiple+carboxylase+deficiency%5BTIAB%5D%29%29+AND+english%5Bla%5D+AND+human%5Bmh%5D+AND+%22last+3600+days%22+AND+%22%5Bdp%5D

Catalog of Genes and Diseases from OMIM

- HOLOCARBOXYLASE SYNTHETASE DEFICIENCY
  http://omim.org/entry/253270
Sources for This Summary

  Citation on PubMed: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/12124727

  Citation on PubMed: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/12633764

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