Fibronectin glomerulopathy

Fibronectin glomerulopathy is a kidney disease that usually develops between early and mid-adulthood but can occur at any age. It eventually leads to irreversible kidney failure (end-stage renal disease).

Individuals with fibronectin glomerulopathy usually have blood and excess protein in their urine (hematuria and proteinuria, respectively). They also have high blood pressure (hypertension). Some affected individuals develop renal tubular acidosis, which occurs when the kidneys are unable to remove enough acid from the body and the blood becomes too acidic.

The kidneys of people with fibronectin glomerulopathy have large deposits of the protein fibronectin-1 in structures called glomeruli. These structures are clusters of tiny blood vessels in the kidneys that filter waste products from blood. The waste products are then released in urine. The fibronectin-1 deposits impair the glomeruli's filtration ability.

Fifteen to 20 years following the appearance of signs and symptoms, individuals with fibronectin glomerulopathy often develop end-stage renal disease. Affected individuals may receive treatment in the form of a kidney transplant; in some cases, fibronectin glomerulopathy comes back (recurs) following transplantation.

Frequency

Fibronectin glomerulopathy is likely a rare condition, although its prevalence is unknown. At least 45 cases have been described in the scientific literature.

Genetic Changes

Fibronectin glomerulopathy can be caused by mutations in the FN1 gene. The FN1 gene provides instructions for making the fibronectin-1 protein. Fibronectin-1 is involved in the continual formation of the extracellular matrix, which is an intricate lattice of proteins and other molecules that forms in the spaces between cells. During extracellular matrix formation, fibronectin-1 helps individual cells expand (spread) and move (migrate) to cover more space, and it also influences cell shape and maturation (differentiation).

FN1 gene mutations lead to production of an abnormal fibronectin-1 protein that gets deposited in the glomeruli of the kidneys, probably as the body attempts to filter it out as waste. Even though there is an abundance of fibronectin-1 in the glomeruli, the extracellular matrix that supports the blood vessels is weak because the altered fibronectin-1 cannot assist in the matrix's continual formation. Without a strong cellular support network, the glomeruli are less able to filter waste. As a result, products that
normally are retained by the body, such as protein and blood, get released in the urine, and acids are not properly filtered from the blood. Over time, the kidneys' ability to filter waste decreases until the kidneys can no longer function, resulting in end-stage renal disease.

It is estimated that mutations in the \( FN1 \) gene are responsible for 40 percent of cases of fibronectin glomerulopathy. The cause of the remaining cases of this condition is unknown.

**Inheritance Pattern**

When fibronectin glomerulopathy is caused by mutations in the \( FN1 \) gene, it is inherited in an autosomal dominant pattern, which means one copy of the altered gene in each cell is sufficient to cause the disorder. In some of these cases, an affected person inherits the mutation from one affected parent. Other cases result from new mutations in the gene and occur in people with no history of the disorder in their family. Some people who have the altered \( FN1 \) gene never develop the condition, a situation known as reduced penetrance.

**Other Names for This Condition**

- familial glomerular nephritis with fibronectin deposits
- familial lobular glomerulopathy
- GFND
- glomerulopathy with fibronectin deposits
- glomerulopathy with giant fibrillar deposits

**Diagnosis & Management**

**Genetic Testing**

- Genetic Testing Registry: Glomerulopathy with fibronectin deposits 2

**Other Diagnosis and Management Resources**

- MedlinePlus Encyclopedia: Protein Urine Test
  https://medlineplus.gov/ency/article/003580.htm

**General Information from MedlinePlus**

- Diagnostic Tests
  https://medlineplus.gov/diagnostictests.html
- Drug Therapy
  https://medlineplus.gov/drugtherapy.html
- Genetic Counseling
  https://medlineplus.gov/geneticcounseling.html
• Palliative Care
  https://medlineplus.gov/palliativecare.html

• Surgery and Rehabilitation
  https://medlineplus.gov/surgeryandrehabilitation.html

Additional Information & Resources

MedlinePlus
• Encyclopedia: Protein Urine Test
  https://medlineplus.gov/ency/article/003580.htm

• Health Topic: Chronic Kidney Disease
  https://medlineplus.gov/chronickidneydisease.html

• Health Topic: High Blood Pressure
  https://medlineplus.gov/highbloodpressure.html

• Health Topic: Kidney Failure
  https://medlineplus.gov/kidneyfailure.html

Genetic and Rare Diseases Information Center
• Glomerulopathy with fibronectin deposits 1

Additional NIH Resources
• National Institute of Diabetes and Digestive and Kidney Diseases: Glomerular Diseases
  https://www.niddk.nih.gov/health-information/kidney-disease/glomerular-diseases

Educational Resources
• Disease InfoSearch: Glomerulopathy with Fibronectin Deposits 2
  http://www.diseaseinfosearch.org/Glomerulopathy+with+Fibronectin+Deposits+2/3084

• Johns Hopkins Medicine: End Stage Renal Disease (ESRD)
  https://www.hopkinsmedicine.org/healthlibrary/conditions/kidney_and urinary_system_disorders/end_stage_renal_disease_esrd_85,P01474

• KidsHealth from Nemours: Renal Tubular Acidosis

• MalaCards: glomerulopathy with fibronectin deposits 1
  http://www.malacards.org/card/glomerulopathy_with_fibronectin_deposits_1

• MalaCards: glomerulopathy with fibronectin deposits 2
  http://www.malacards.org/card/glomerulopathy_with_fibronectin_deposits_2
• Merck Manual Professional Edition: Proteinuria  
https://www.merckmanuals.com/professional/genitourinary-disorders/symptoms-of-genitourinary-disorders/proteinuria

• Orphanet: Fibronectin glomerulopathy  
https://www.orpha.net/consor/cgi-bin/OC_Exp.php?Lng=EN&Expert=84090

Patient Support and Advocacy Resources

• American Kidney Fund  
http://www.kidneyfund.org/

• Kidney & Urology Foundation of America, Inc.: Glomerular Diseases  
http://www.kidneyurology.org/Library/Kidney_Health/Glomerular_Diseases.php

• Kidney Research UK  
https://www.kidneyresearchuk.org/

• National Kidney Foundation  
https://www.kidney.org/

Scientific Articles on PubMed

• PubMed  
https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed?term=%28glomerulopathy+with+fibronectin+deposits%5BTIAB%5D%29+OR+%28fibronectin+glomerulopathy%5BTIAB%5D%29+AND+english%5Bla%5D+AND+human%5Bmh%5D

OMIM

• GLOMERULOPATHY WITH FIBRONECTIN DEPOSITS 1  
http://omim.org/entry/137950

• GLOMERULOPATHY WITH FIBRONECTIN DEPOSITS 2  
http://omim.org/entry/601894

Sources for This Summary

Citation on PubMed: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/18268355  
Free article on PubMed Central: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC2268172/

Citation on PubMed: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/23219110


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