Emanuel syndrome

Emanuel syndrome is a chromosomal disorder that disrupts normal development and affects many parts of the body. Infants with Emanuel syndrome have weak muscle tone (hypotonia) and fail to gain weight and grow at the expected rate (failure to thrive). Their development is significantly delayed, and most affected individuals have severe to profound intellectual disability.

Other features of Emanuel syndrome include an unusually small head (microcephaly), distinctive facial features, and a small lower jaw (micrognathia). Ear abnormalities are common, including small holes in the skin just in front of the ears (preauricular pits or sinuses). About half of all affected infants are born with an opening in the roof of the mouth (cleft palate) or a high arched palate. Males with Emanuel syndrome often have genital abnormalities. Additional signs of this condition can include heart defects and absent or unusually small (hypoplastic) kidneys; these problems can be life-threatening in infancy or childhood.

Frequency

Emanuel syndrome is a rare disorder; its prevalence is unknown. More than 100 individuals with this condition have been reported.

Causes

Emanuel syndrome is caused by the presence of extra genetic material from chromosome 11 and chromosome 22 in each cell. In addition to the usual 46 chromosomes, people with Emanuel syndrome have an extra (supernumerary) chromosome consisting of a piece of chromosome 11 attached to a piece of chromosome 22. The extra chromosome is known as a derivative 22 or der(22) chromosome.

As a result of the extra chromosome, people with Emanuel syndrome have three copies of some genes in each cell instead of the usual two copies. The excess genetic material disrupts the normal course of development, leading to the characteristic signs and symptoms of this disorder. Researchers are working to determine which genes are included on the der(22) chromosome and what role these genes play in development.

Inheritance Pattern

Almost everyone with Emanuel syndrome inherits the der(22) chromosome from an unaffected parent. The parent carries a chromosomal rearrangement between chromosomes 11 and 22 called a balanced translocation. No genetic material is gained or lost in a balanced translocation, so these chromosomal changes usually do not cause any health problems. However, translocations can become unbalanced as
they are passed to the next generation. Individuals with Emanuel syndrome inherit an unbalanced translocation between chromosomes 11 and 22 that introduces extra genetic material in the form of the der(22) chromosome. This extra genetic material causes birth defects and the other health problems characteristic of this disorder.

Other Names for This Condition

- Der(22) syndrome due to 3:1 meiotic disjunction events
- supernumerary der(22) syndrome
- supernumerary der(22)t(11;22) syndrome
- supernumerary derivative 22 chromosome syndrome

Diagnosis & Management

Genetic Testing Information

- What is genetic testing?
  /primer/testing/genetictesting
- Genetic Testing Registry: Emanuel syndrome

Research Studies from ClinicalTrials.gov

- ClinicalTrials.gov
  https://clinicaltrials.gov/ct2/results?cond=%22Emanuel+syndrome%22

Other Diagnosis and Management Resources

- GeneReview: Emanuel Syndrome
  https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK1263
- MedlinePlus Encyclopedia: Cleft Lip and Palate
  https://medlineplus.gov/ency/article/001051.htm
- MedlinePlus Encyclopedia: Microcephaly
  https://medlineplus.gov/ency/article/003272.htm
- MedlinePlus Encyclopedia: Preauricular Tag or Pit
  https://medlineplus.gov/ency/article/003304.htm

Additional Information & Resources

Health Information from MedlinePlus

- Encyclopedia: Cleft Lip and Palate
  https://medlineplus.gov/ency/article/001051.htm
- Encyclopedia: Microcephaly
  https://medlineplus.gov/ency/article/003272.htm
• Encyclopedia: Preauricular Tag or Pit
  https://medlineplus.gov/ency/article/003304.htm
• Health Topic: Developmental Disabilities
  https://medlineplus.gov/developmentaldisabilities.html

Genetic and Rare Diseases Information Center
• Emanuel syndrome

Educational Resources
• MalaCards: emanuel syndrome
  https://www.malacards.org/card/emanuel_synrome
• March of Dimes: Chromosomal Abnormalities
  https://www.marchofdimes.org/baby/chromosomal-conditions.aspx
• Orphanet: Emanuel syndrome
  https://www.orpha.net/consor/cgi-bin/OC_Exp.php?Lng=EN&Expert=96170

Patient Support and Advocacy Resources
• Chromosome 22 Central
  http://www.c22c.org/
• Resource list from the University of Kansas Medical Center: Chromosomal conditions
  http://www.kumc.edu/gec/support/chromoso.html
• Unique: Rare Chromosome Disorder Support Group (UK)
  https://www.rarechromo.org/

Clinical Information from GeneReviews
• Emanuel Syndrome
  https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK1263

Scientific Articles on PubMed
• PubMed
  https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed?term=%28emanuel+sindrome%5BTIAB%5D%29+AND+english%5Bla%5D+AND+human%5Bmh%5D

Catalog of Genes and Diseases from OMIM
• EMANUEL SYNDROME
  http://omim.org/entry/609029
Sources for This Summary

  Citation on PubMed: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/19606488 
  Free article on PubMed Central: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC2733334/

  Citation on PubMed: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/20301440 

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