Björnstad syndrome

Björnstad syndrome is a rare disorder characterized by abnormal hair and hearing problems. Affected individuals have a condition known as pili torti, which means "twisted hair," so named because the strands appear twisted when viewed under a microscope. The hair is brittle and breaks easily, leading to short hair that grows slowly. In Björnstad syndrome, pili torti usually affects only the hair on the head; eyebrows, eyelashes, and hair on other parts of the body are normal. The proportion of hairs affected and the severity of brittleness and breakage can vary. This hair abnormality commonly begins before the age of 2. It may become milder with age, particularly after puberty.

People with Björnstad syndrome also have hearing problems that become evident in early childhood. The hearing loss, which is caused by changes in the inner ear (sensorineural deafness), can range from mild to severe. Mildly affected individuals may be unable to hear sounds at certain frequencies, while severely affected individuals may not be able to hear at all.

Frequency

Björnstad syndrome is a rare condition, although its prevalence is unknown. It has been found in populations worldwide.

Causes

Björnstad syndrome is caused by mutations in the BCS1L gene. The protein produced from this gene is found in cell structures called mitochondria, which convert the energy from food into a form that cells can use. In mitochondria, the BCS1L protein plays a role in oxidative phosphorylation, which is a multistep process through which cells derive much of their energy. The BCS1L protein is critical for the formation of a group of proteins known as complex III, which is one of several protein complexes involved in this process. As a byproduct of its action in oxidative phosphorylation, complex III produces reactive oxygen species, which are harmful molecules that can damage DNA and tissues.

BCS1L gene mutations involved in Björnstad syndrome alter the BCS1L protein and impair its ability to aid in complex III formation. The resulting decrease in complex III activity reduces oxidative phosphorylation. For unknown reasons, overall production of reactive oxygen species is increased, although production by complex III is reduced. Researchers believe that tissues in the inner ears and hair follicles are particularly sensitive to reactive oxygen species and are damaged by the abnormal amount of these molecules, leading to the characteristic features of Björnstad syndrome.
Inheritance Pattern

Björnstad syndrome is inherited in an autosomal recessive pattern, which means both copies of the gene in each cell have mutations. The parents of an individual with an autosomal recessive condition each carry one copy of the mutated gene, but they typically do not show signs and symptoms of the condition.

Other Names for This Condition

- Bjornstad syndrome
- BJS
- deafness and pili torti, Bjornstad type
- pili torti and nerve deafness
- pili torti-deafness syndrome
- pili torti-sensorineural hearing loss
- PTD

Diagnosis & Management

Genetic Testing Information

- What is genetic testing? /primer/testing/genetictesting

Other Diagnosis and Management Resources

- Centers for Disease Control and Prevention: Hearing Loss in Children: Screening and Diagnosis https://www.childrenshospital.org/conditions-and-treatments/conditions/h/hearing-loss

Additional Information & Resources

Health Information from MedlinePlus


Genetic and Rare Diseases Information Center

- Pili torti https://rarediseases.info.nih.gov/diseases/4361/pili-torti
Educational Resources

- Boston Children's Hospital: Hearing Loss
  https://www.childrenshospital.org/conditions-and-treatments/conditions/h/hearing-loss
- KidsHealth from Nemours: Your Hair
- KidsHealth from Nemours: Hearing Evaluation in Children
- MalaCards: bjornstad syndrome
  https://www.malacards.org/card/bjornstad Syndrome
- March of Dimes: Hearing Impairment
- North American Hair Research Society: Hair Shaft Defects in Children
  http://nahrs.org/PatientInformation%28FAQs%29/HairShaftDefects%28FAQ %29.aspx
- Orphanet: Björnstad syndrome
  https://www.orpha.net/consor/cgi-bin/OC_Exp.php?Lng=EN&Expert=123
- Orphanet: Pili torti
  https://www.orpha.net/consor/cgi-bin/OC_Exp.php?Lng=EN&Expert=2889

Patient Support and Advocacy Resources

- National Association of the Deaf
  https://www.nad.org/
- National Organization for Rare Disorders (NORD)
  https://rarediseases.org/rare-diseases/bjornstad-syndrome/
- Resource List from the University of Kansas Medical Center: Deafness and Hard of Hearing
  http://www.kumc.edu/gec/support/hearing.html

Scientific Articles on PubMed

- PubMed
  https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed?term=%28bjornstad+syndrome%5BTIAB %5D%29+AND+english%5Bla%5D+AND+human%5Bmh%5D

Catalog of Genes and Diseases from OMIM

- BJORNSTAD SYNDROME
  http://omim.org/entry/262000
Sources for This Summary

  Citation on PubMed: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/17314340

  Citation on PubMed: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/10383781

  Citation on PubMed: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/11807445

  Citation on PubMed: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/10694305

  Citation on PubMed: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/24172246

Reprinted from Genetics Home Reference:

Reviewed: March 2014
Published: March 3, 2020

Lister Hill National Center for Biomedical Communications
U.S. National Library of Medicine
National Institutes of Health
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