Beta-mannosidosis

Beta-mannosidosis is a rare inherited disorder affecting the way certain sugar molecules are processed in the body.

Signs and symptoms of beta-mannosidosis vary widely in severity, and the age of onset ranges between infancy and adolescence. Almost all individuals with beta-mannosidosis experience intellectual disability, and some have delayed motor development and seizures. Affected individuals may be extremely introverted, prone to depression, or have behavioral problems such as hyperactivity, impulsivity or aggression.

People with beta-mannosidosis may experience an increased risk of respiratory and ear infections, hearing loss, speech impairment, swallowing difficulties, poor muscle tone (hypotonia), and reduced sensation or other nervous system abnormalities in the extremities (peripheral neuropathy). They may also exhibit distinctive facial features and clusters of enlarged blood vessels forming small, dark red spots on the skin (angiokeratomas).

Frequency

Beta-mannosidosis is believed to be a very rare disorder. Approximately 20 affected individuals have been reported worldwide. It is difficult to determine the specific incidence of beta-mannosidosis, because people with mild or non-specific symptoms may never be diagnosed.

Causes

Mutations in the MANBA gene cause beta-mannosidosis.

The MANBA gene provides instructions for making the enzyme beta-mannosidase. This enzyme works in the lysosomes, which are compartments that digest and recycle materials in the cell. Within lysosomes, the enzyme helps break down complexes of sugar molecules (oligosaccharides) attached to certain proteins (glycoproteins). Beta-mannosidase is involved in the last step of this process, helping to break down complexes of two sugar molecules (disaccharides) containing a sugar molecule called mannose.

Mutations in the MANBA gene interfere with the ability of the beta-mannosidase enzyme to perform its role in breaking down mannose-containing disaccharides. These disaccharides gradually accumulate in the lysosomes and cause cells to malfunction, resulting in the signs and symptoms of beta-mannosidosis.
Inheritance Pattern
This condition is inherited in an autosomal recessive pattern, which means both copies of the gene in each cell have mutations. The parents of an individual with an autosomal recessive condition each carry one copy of the mutated gene, but they typically do not show signs and symptoms of the condition.

Other Names for This Condition
- beta-D-mannosidosis
- beta-mannosidase deficiency
- lysosomal beta A mannosidosis
- lysosomal beta-mannosidase deficiency

Diagnosis & Management
Genetic Testing Information
- What is genetic testing?
  /primer/testing/genetictesting
- Genetic Testing Registry: Beta-D-mannosidosis

Research Studies from ClinicalTrials.gov
- ClinicalTrials.gov
  https://clinicaltrials.gov/ct2/results?cond=%22beta-Mannosidosis%22+OR+%22beta-mannosidosis%22

Additional Information & Resources
Health Information from MedlinePlus
- Health Topic: Carbohydrate Metabolism Disorders
  https://medlineplus.gov/carbohydratemetabolismdisorders.html
- Health Topic: Genetic Brain Disorders
  https://medlineplus.gov/geneticbraindisorders.html

Genetic and Rare Diseases Information Center
- Mannosidosis, beta A, lysosomal
  https://rarediseases.info.nih.gov/diseases/869/mannosidosis-beta-a-lysosomal

Educational Resources
- Orphanet: Beta-mannosidosis
  https://www.orpha.net/consor/cgi-bin/OC_Exp.php?Lng=EN&Expert=118
Patient Support and Advocacy Resources

• ISMRD: The International Advocate for Glycoprotein Storage Diseases
https://www.ismrd.org/

• Metabolic Support UK
https://www.metabolicsupportuk.org/

• The MPS Society (UK)
http://www.mpssociety.org.uk

Scientific Articles on PubMed

• PubMed
https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed?term=%28beta-mannosidosis%5BTIAB%5D%29+AND+english%5BLa%5D+AND+human%5Bmh%5D+AND+%22last+3600+days%22%5Bdp%5D

Catalog of Genes and Diseases from OMIM

• MANNOSIDOSIS, BETA A, LYSOSOMAL
http://omim.org/entry/248510

Medical Genetics Database from MedGen

• Beta-D-mannosidosis

Sources for This Summary

Citation on PubMed: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/9384606

Citation on PubMed: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/12468273

Citation on PubMed: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/16904924

• OMIM: MANNOSIDOSIS, BETA A, LYSOSOMAL
http://omim.org/entry/248510

Citation on PubMed: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/17420068
  Citation on PubMed: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/12890191

  Citation on PubMed: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/16377659

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