Aromatic l-amino acid decarboxylase deficiency

Aromatic l-amino acid decarboxylase (AADC) deficiency is an inherited disorder that affects the way signals are passed between certain cells in the nervous system.

Signs and symptoms of AADC deficiency generally appear in the first year of life. Affected infants may have severe developmental delay, weak muscle tone (hypotonia), muscle stiffness, difficulty moving, and involuntary writhing movements of the limbs (athetosis). They may be lacking in energy (lethargic), feed poorly, startle easily, and have sleep disturbances. People with AADC deficiency may also experience episodes called oculogyric crises that involve abnormal rotation of the eyeballs; extreme irritability and agitation; and pain, muscle spasms, and uncontrolled movements, especially of the head and neck.

AADC deficiency may affect the autonomic nervous system, which controls involuntary body processes such as the regulation of blood pressure and body temperature. Resulting signs and symptoms can include droopy eyelids (ptosis), constriction of the pupils of the eyes (miosis), inappropriate or impaired sweating, nasal congestion, drooling, reduced ability to control body temperature, low blood pressure (hypotension), backflow of acidic stomach contents into the esophagus (gastroesophageal reflux), low blood sugar (hypoglycemia), fainting (syncope), and cardiac arrest.

Signs and symptoms of AADC deficiency tend to worsen late in the day or when the individual is tired, and improve after sleep.

Frequency

AADC deficiency is a rare disorder. Only about 100 people with this condition have been described in the medical literature worldwide; about 20 percent of these individuals are from Taiwan.

Causes

Mutations in the DDC gene cause AADC deficiency. The DDC gene provides instructions for making the AADC enzyme, which is important in the nervous system. This enzyme helps produce dopamine and serotonin from other molecules. Dopamine and serotonin are neurotransmitters, which are chemical messengers that transmit signals between nerve cells, both in the brain and spinal cord (central nervous system) and in other parts of the body (peripheral nervous system).

Mutations in the DDC gene result in reduced activity of the AADC enzyme. Without enough of this enzyme, nerve cells produce less dopamine and serotonin. Dopamine and serotonin are necessary for normal nervous system function, and changes in the levels of these neurotransmitters contribute to the developmental delay, intellectual
disability, abnormal movements, and autonomic dysfunction seen in people with AADC deficiency.

**Inheritance Pattern**

This condition is inherited in an autosomal recessive pattern, which means both copies of the gene in each cell have mutations. The parents of an individual with an autosomal recessive condition each carry one copy of the mutated gene, but they typically do not show signs and symptoms of the condition.

**Other Names for This Condition**

- AADC deficiency
- DDC deficiency
- deficiency of aromatic-L-amino-acid decarboxylase
- dopa decarboxylase deficiency

**Diagnosis & Management**

**Genetic Testing Information**

- What is genetic testing? [Link](/primer/testing/genetictesting)

**Research Studies from ClinicalTrials.gov**

- ClinicalTrials.gov [Link](https://clinicaltrials.gov/ct2/results?cond=%22aromatic+l-amino+acid+decarboxylase+deficiency%22)

**Additional Information & Resources**

**Health Information from MedlinePlus**

- Health Topic: Genetic Brain Disorders [Link](https://medlineplus.gov/ geneticbrain disorders.html)

**Genetic and Rare Diseases Information Center**

- Aromatic L-amino acid decarboxylase deficiency [Link](https://rarediseases.info.nih.gov/diseases/770/aromatic-l-amino-acid-decarboxylase-deficiency)
Educational Resources

- MalaCards: aromatic l-amino acid decarboxylase deficiency
  https://www.malacards.org/card/aromatic_l_amino_acid_decarboxylase_deficiency
- Orphanet: Aromatic L-amino acid decarboxylase deficiency
  https://www.orpha.net/consor/cgi-bin/OC_Exp.php?Lng=EN&Expert=35708

Patient Support and Advocacy Resources

- Metabolic Support UK
  https://www.metabolicsupportuk.org/

Scientific Articles on PubMed

- PubMed
  https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed?term=%28%28aromatic+l-amino+acid+decarboxylase+deficiency%5BTIAB%5D%29+OR+%28aadc+deficiency%5BTIAB%5D%29+OR+%28ddc+deficiency%5BTIAB%5D%29+OR+%28dopa+decarboxylase+deficiency%5BTIAB%5D%29+AND+english%5BLa%5D+AND+human%5Bmh%5D+AND+%22last+3600+days%22%5Bdp%5D

Catalog of Genes and Diseases from OMIM

- AROMATIC L-AMINO ACID DECARBOXYLASE DEFICIENCY
  http://omim.org/entry/608643

Sources for This Summary


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