Ankylosing spondylitis

Ankylosing spondylitis is a form of ongoing joint inflammation (chronic inflammatory arthritis) that primarily affects the spine. This condition is characterized by back pain and stiffness that typically appear in adolescence or early adulthood. Over time, back movement gradually becomes limited as the bones of the spine (vertebrae) fuse together. This progressive bony fusion is called ankylosis.

The earliest symptoms of ankylosing spondylitis result from inflammation of the joints between the pelvic bones (the ilia) and the base of the spine (the sacrum). These joints are called sacroiliac joints, and inflammation of these joints is known as sacroiliitis. The inflammation gradually spreads to the joints between the vertebrae, causing a condition called spondylitis. Ankylosing spondylitis can involve other joints as well, including the shoulders, hips, and, less often, the knees. As the disease progresses, it can affect the joints between the spine and ribs, restricting movement of the chest and making it difficult to breathe deeply. People with advanced disease are also more prone to fractures of the vertebrae.

Ankylosing spondylitis affects the eyes in up to 40 percent of cases, leading to episodes of eye inflammation called acute iritis. Acute iritis causes eye pain and increased sensitivity to light (photophobia). Rarely, ankylosing spondylitis can also cause serious complications involving the heart, lungs, and nervous system.

Frequency

Ankylosing spondylitis is part of a group of related diseases known as spondyloarthropathies. In the United States, spondyloarthropathies affect 3.5 to 13 per 1,000 people.

Causes

Ankylosing spondylitis is likely caused by a combination of genetic and environmental factors, most of which have not been identified. However, researchers have found variations in several genes that influence the risk of developing this disorder.

The HLA-B gene provides instructions for making a protein that plays an important role in the immune system. The HLA-B gene is part of a family of genes called the human leukocyte antigen (HLA) complex. The HLA complex helps the immune system distinguish the body’s own proteins from proteins made by foreign invaders (such as viruses and bacteria). The HLA-B gene has many different normal variations, allowing each person's immune system to react to a wide range of foreign proteins. A variation of the HLA-B gene called HLA-B27 increases the risk of developing ankylosing spondylitis. Although many people with ankylosing spondylitis have the HLA-B27 variation, most
people with this version of the $HLA-B$ gene never develop the disorder. It is not known how $HLA-B27$ increases the risk of developing ankylosing spondylitis.

Variations in several additional genes, including $ERAP1$, $IL1A$, and $IL23R$, have also been associated with ankylosing spondylitis. Although these genes play critical roles in the immune system, it is unclear how variations in these genes affect a person's risk of developing ankylosing spondylitis. Changes in genes that have not yet been identified are also believed to affect the chances of developing ankylosing spondylitis and influence the progression of the disorder. Some of these genes likely play a role in the immune system, while others may have different functions. Researchers are working to identify these genes and clarify their role in ankylosing spondylitis.

**Inheritance Pattern**

Although ankylosing spondylitis can occur in more than one person in a family, it is not a purely genetic disease. Multiple genetic and environmental factors likely play a part in determining the risk of developing this disorder. As a result, inheriting a genetic variation linked with ankylosing spondylitis does not mean that a person will develop the condition, even in families in which more than one family member has the disorder. For example, about 80 percent of children who inherit $HLA-B27$ from a parent with ankylosing spondylitis do not develop the disorder.

**Other Names for This Condition**

- AS
- Bechterew disease
- Marie-Struempell disease
- spondylarthritis ankylopoietica
- spondylitis ankylopoietica
- spondylitis, ankylosing
- spondyloarthritis ankylopoietica

**Diagnosis & Management**

**Genetic Testing Information**

- What is genetic testing? /primer/testing/genetictesting

**Research Studies from ClinicalTrials.gov**

- ClinicalTrials.gov https://clinicaltrials.gov/ct2/results?cond=%22ankylosing+spondylitis%22
Other Diagnosis and Management Resources

- MedlinePlus Encyclopedia: Ankylosing Spondylitis
  https://medlineplus.gov/ency/article/000420.htm
- MedlinePlus Encyclopedia: HLA-B27 Antigen
  https://medlineplus.gov/ency/article/003551.htm

Additional Information & Resources

Health Information from MedlinePlus

- Encyclopedia: Ankylosing Spondylitis
  https://medlineplus.gov/ency/article/000420.htm
- Encyclopedia: HLA-B27 Antigen
  https://medlineplus.gov/ency/article/003551.htm
- Health Topic: Ankylosing Spondylitis
  https://medlineplus.gov/ankylosingspondylitis.html

Genetic and Rare Diseases Information Center

- Ankylosing spondylitis
  https://rarediseases.info.nih.gov/diseases/9518/ankylosing-spondylitis

Educational Resources

- American College of Rheumatology
- Children’s Hospital of Wisconsin
  https://www.chw.org/medical-care/rheumatology/conditions/juvenile-ankylosing-spondylitis
- Merck Manual Home Edition for Patients and Caregivers
- Orphanet: NON RARE IN EUROPE: Ankylosing spondylitis
  https://www.orpha.net/consor/cgi-bin/OC_Exp.php?Lng=EN&Expert=825

Patient Support and Advocacy Resources

- Arthritis Society (Canada)
  https://arthritis.ca/about-arthritis/arthritis-types-(a-z)/types/ankylosing-spondylitis
- Spondylitis Association of America
  https://www.spondylitis.org/
Scientific Articles on PubMed

- PubMed
  https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed?term=%28Spondylitis,+Ankylosing%5BMAJR%5D%29+AND+%28ankylosing+spondylitis%5BTI%5D%29+AND+review+%5Bpt%5D+AND+english%5Bla%5D+AND+human%5Bmh%5D+AND+%22last+720+days%22%5Bdp%5D

Catalog of Genes and Diseases from OMIM

- SPONDYLOARTHROPATHY, SUSCEPTIBILITY TO, 1
  http://omim.org/entry/106300

Medical Genetics Database from MedGen

- Ankylosing spondylitis

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