Alkaptonuria

Alkaptonuria is an inherited condition that causes urine to turn black when exposed to air. Ochronosis, a buildup of dark pigment in connective tissues such as cartilage and skin, is also characteristic of the disorder. This blue-black pigmentation usually appears after age 30. People with alkaptonuria typically develop arthritis, particularly in the spine and large joints, beginning in early adulthood. Other features of this condition can include heart problems, kidney stones, and prostate stones.

Frequency

This condition is rare, affecting 1 in 250,000 to 1 million people worldwide. Alkaptonuria is more common in certain areas of Slovakia (where it has an incidence of about 1 in 19,000 people) and in the Dominican Republic.

Causes

Mutations in the \( HGD \) gene cause alkaptonuria. The \( HGD \) gene provides instructions for making an enzyme called homogentisate oxidase. This enzyme helps break down the amino acids phenylalanine and tyrosine, which are important building blocks of proteins. Mutations in the \( HGD \) gene impair the enzyme’s role in this process. As a result, a substance called homogentisic acid, which is produced as phenylalanine and tyrosine are broken down, accumulates in the body. Excess homogentisic acid and related compounds are deposited in connective tissues, which causes cartilage and skin to darken. Over time, a buildup of this substance in the joints leads to arthritis. Homogentisic acid is also excreted in urine, making the urine turn dark when exposed to air.

Inheritance Pattern

This condition is inherited in an autosomal recessive pattern, which means both copies of the gene in each cell have mutations. The parents of an individual with an autosomal recessive condition each carry one copy of the mutated gene, but they typically do not show signs and symptoms of the condition.

Other Names for This Condition

- AKU
- alcaptonuria
- homogentisic acid oxidase deficiency
- homogentisic acidura
Diagnosis & Management

Genetic Testing Information

- What is genetic testing?
  https://primer/testing/genetictesting

- Genetic Testing Registry: Alkaptonuria

Research Studies from ClinicalTrials.gov

- ClinicalTrials.gov
  https://clinicaltrials.gov/ct2/results?cond=%22alkaptonuria%22

Other Diagnosis and Management Resources

- GeneReview: Alkaptonuria
  https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK1454

- MedlinePlus Encyclopedia: Alkaptonuria
  https://medlineplus.gov/ency/article/001200.htm

Additional Information & Resources

Health Information from MedlinePlus

- Encyclopedia: Alkaptonuria
  https://medlineplus.gov/ency/article/001200.htm

- Health Topic: Amino Acid Metabolism Disorders
  https://medlineplus.gov/aminoacidmetabolismdisorders.html

Genetic and Rare Diseases Information Center

- Alkaptonuria
  https://rarediseases.info.nih.gov/diseases/5775/alkaptonuria

Educational Resources

- MalaCards: alkaptonuria
  https://www.malacards.org/card/alkaptonuria

- Orphanet: Alkaptonuria
  https://www.orpha.net/consor/cgi-bin/OC_Exp.php?Lng=EN&Expert=56

Patient Support and Advocacy Resources

- Alkaptonuria Society (UK)
  http://www.akusociety.org

- Metabolic Support (UK)
  https://www.metabolicsupportuk.org/
• National Organization for Rare Disorders (NORD)  
  https://rarediseases.org/rare-diseases/alkaptonuria/

• RareConnect  
  https://www.rareconnect.org/en/community/alkaptonuria-aku

• Resource list from the University of Kansas Medical Center  
  http://www.kumc.edu/gec/support/metaboli.html

Clinical Information from GeneReviews

• Alkaptonuria  
  https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK1454

Scientific Articles on PubMed

• PubMed  
  https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed?term=%28Alkaptonuria%5BMAJR%5D%29+AND+%28alkaptonuria%5BTIAB%5D%29+AND+english%5BLa%5D+AND+human%5Bmh%5D+AND+%22last+1800+days%22%5Bdp%5D

Catalog of Genes and Diseases from OMIM

• ALKAPTONURIA  
  http://omim.org/entry/203500

Sources for This Summary

  Citation on PubMed: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/20301627

  Citation on PubMed: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/10768658

  Citation on PubMed: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/14978662

  Citation on PubMed: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/12501223


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